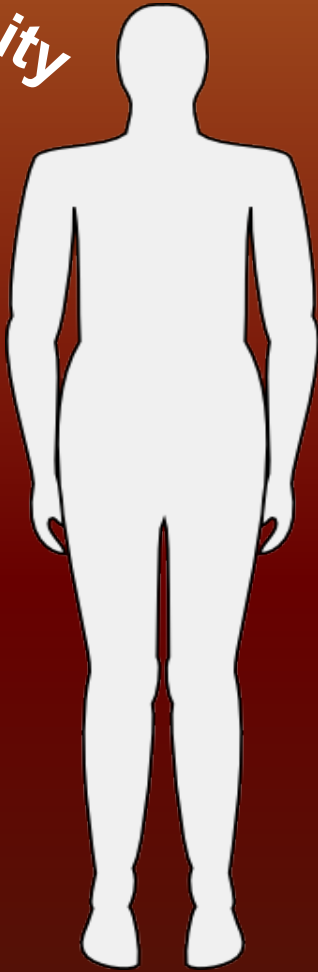


Disclosures

Medical Advisory Boards:

Tanita Corp., Medifast, Regeneron, Lilly, Novo Nordisk

Adiposity
Age
Race
Genes
Diet
Activity
Hormones
Drugs



Strength
Endurance
Energy
Expenditure
Metabolism



Clinical
Endpoints

———— **Form** —————→ **Function** —→ **Outcome**



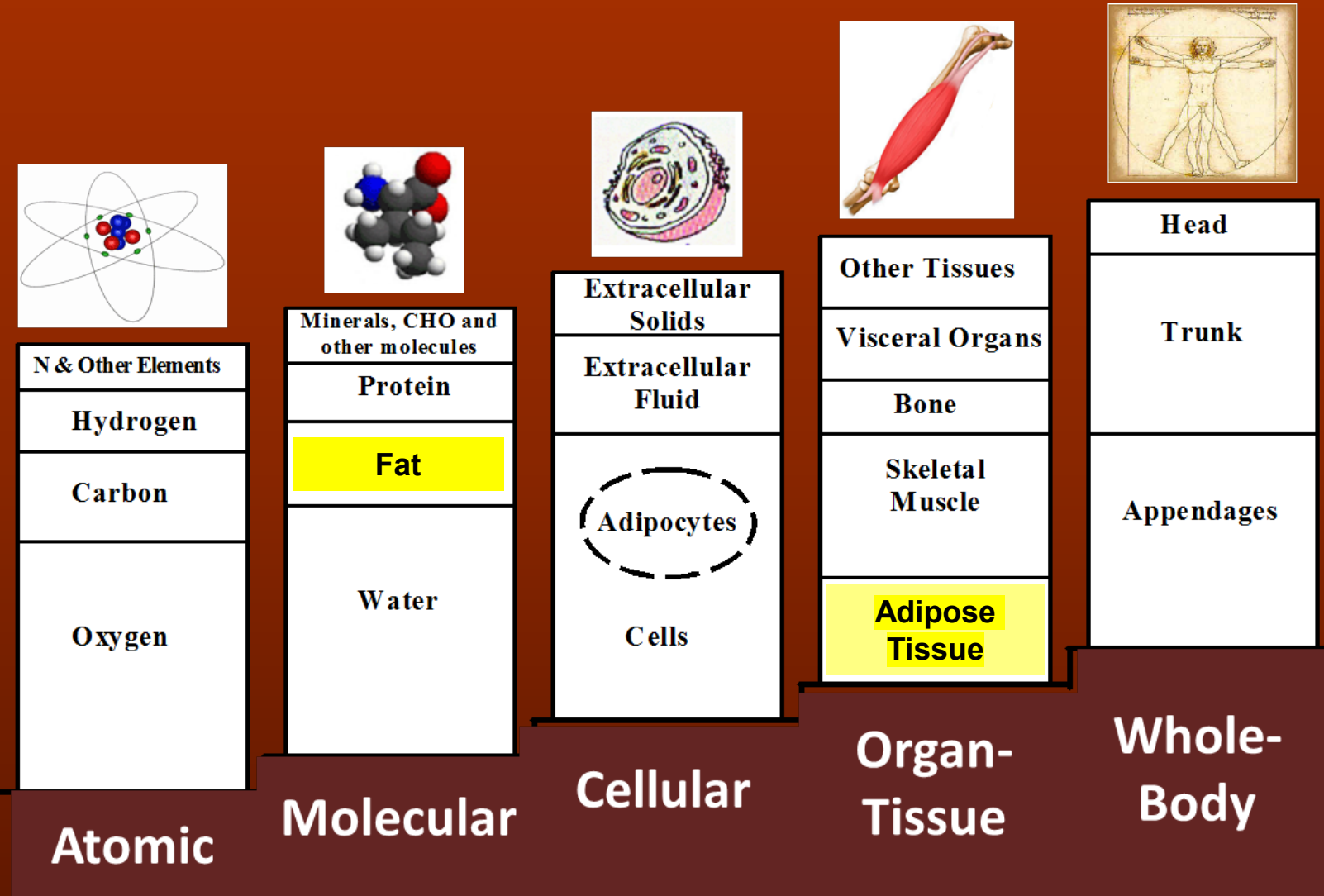
Steven Heymsfield

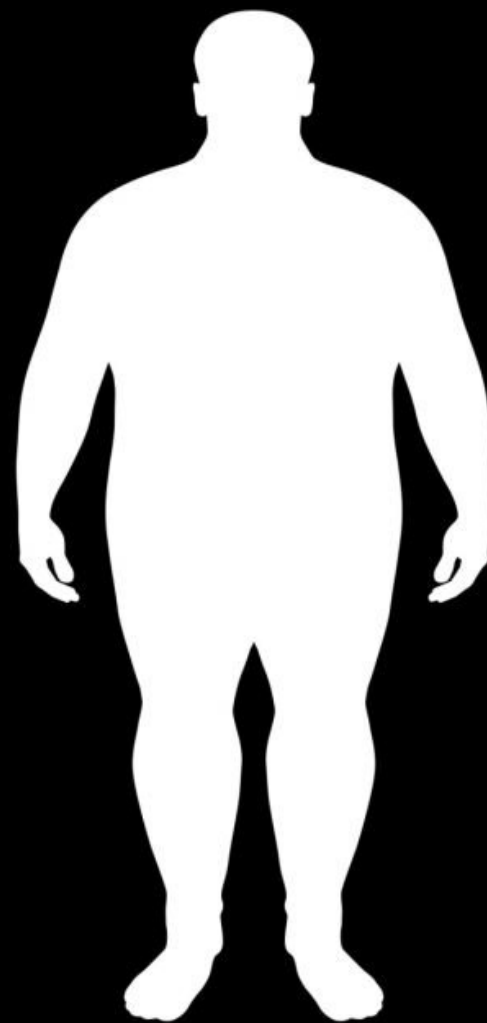
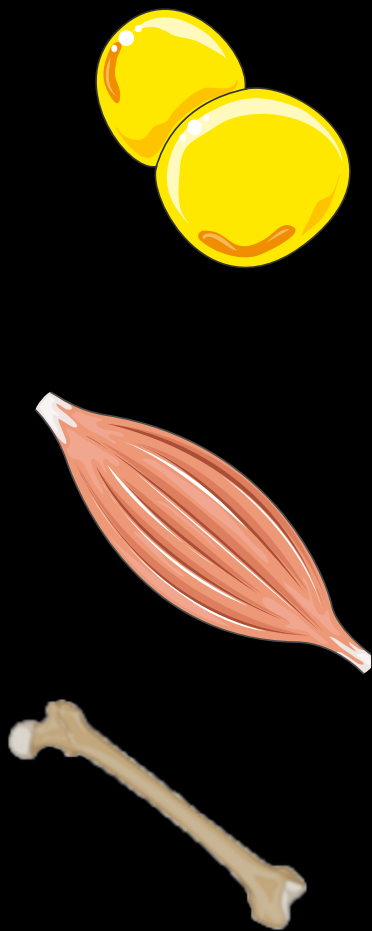
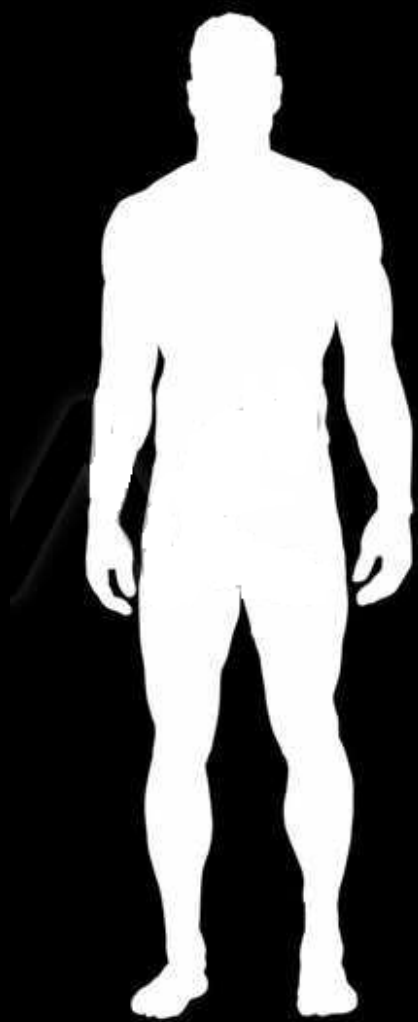
**Body Composition Considerations Within the
Context of Obesity**

**Pennington Biomedical Research Center
Baton Rouge, LA**



Five-Level Model of Body Composition





WW I

1914-1918



WW II

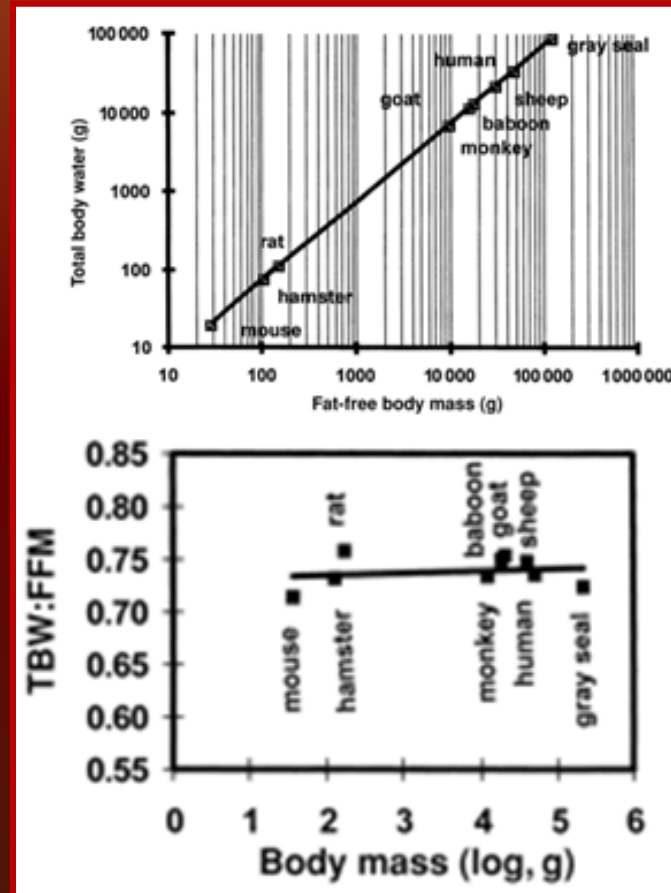
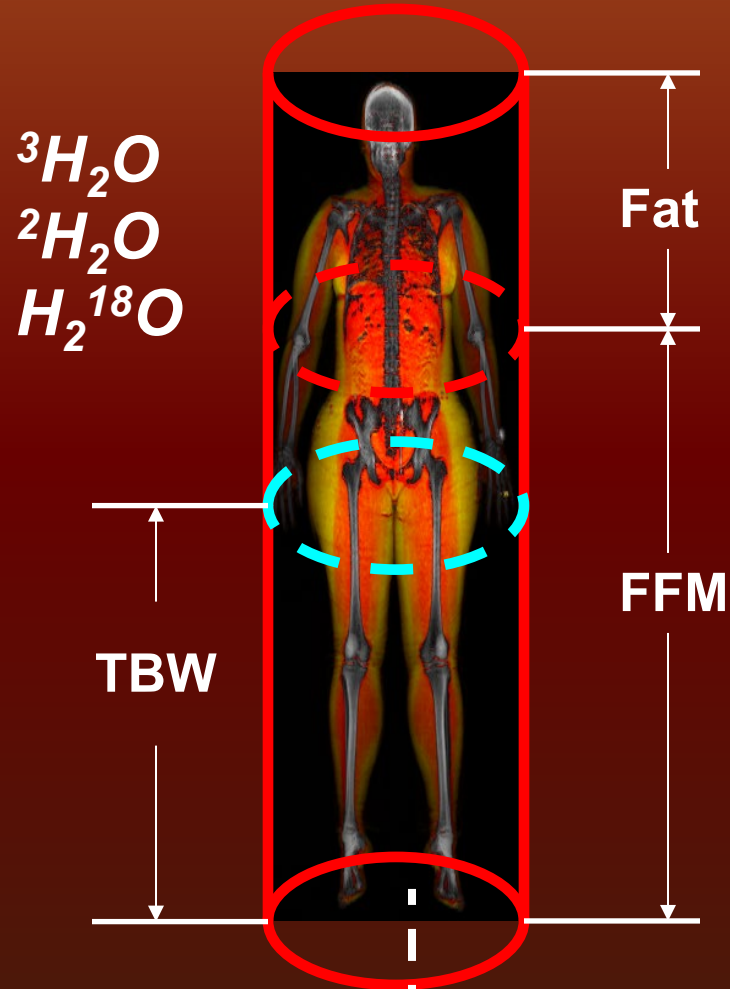
1939-1945



1945

Two Compartment Hydrometry Model:

Nello Pace & Edith Rathbun



$$M_T = M_F + M_{FFM}$$

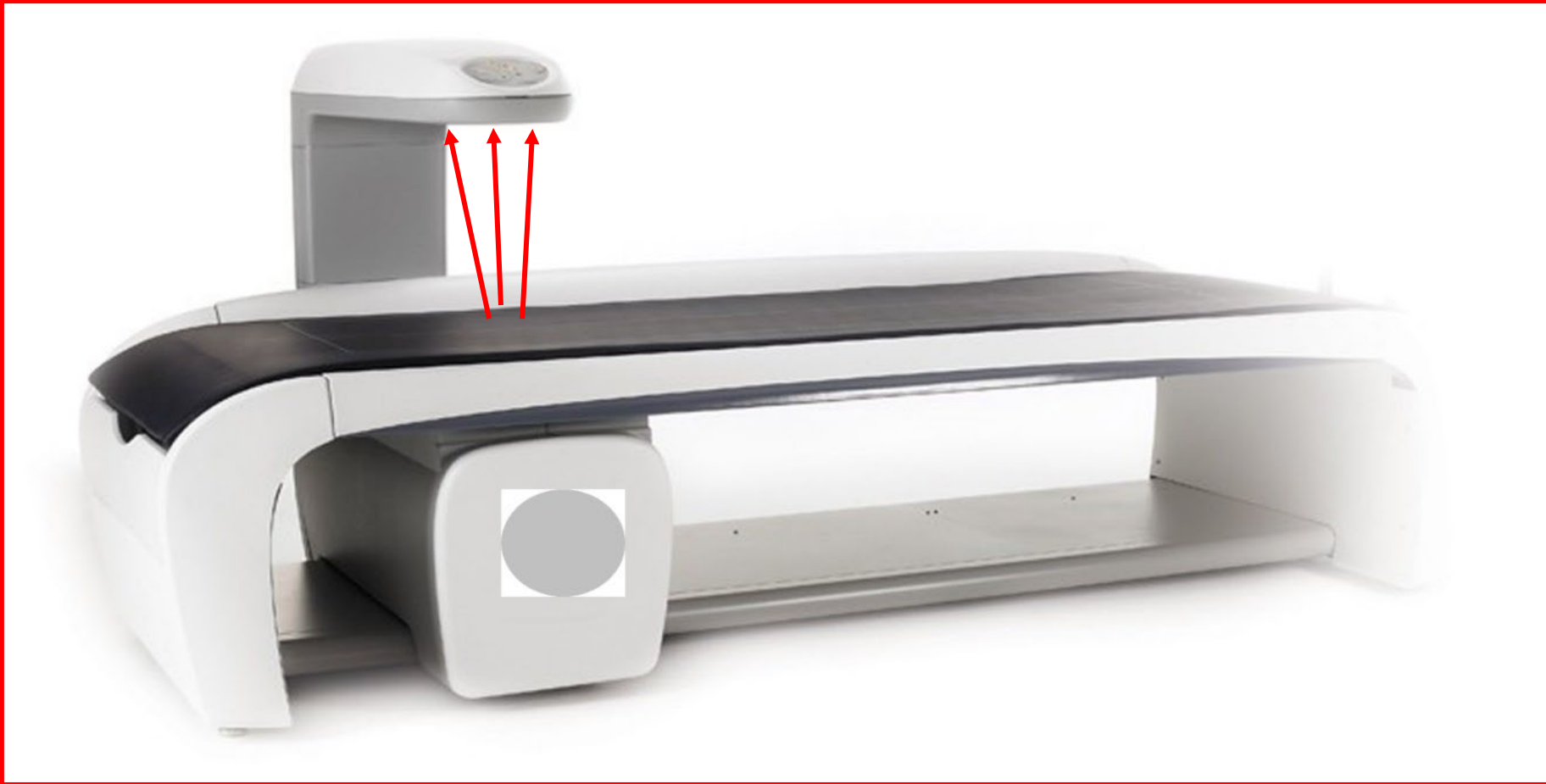
$$M_{FFM} = M_{TBW} / 0.732$$

$$M_{FAT} = M_T - M_{FFM}$$

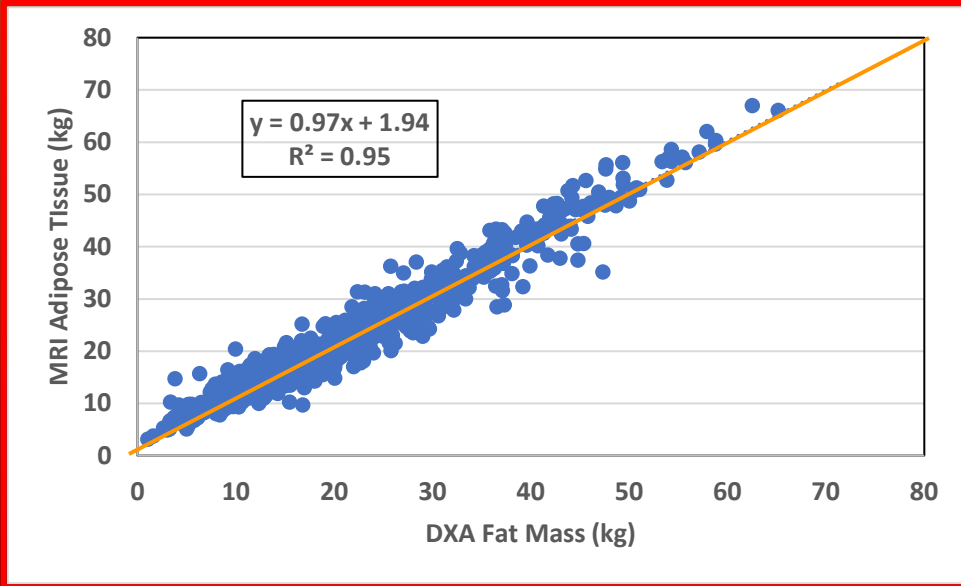
JBC, 1945

M_T

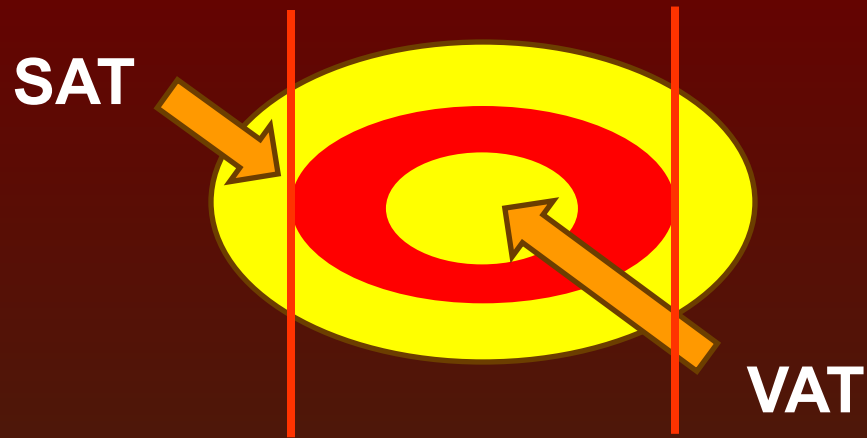
Dual-Energy X-ray Absorptiometry (DXA)



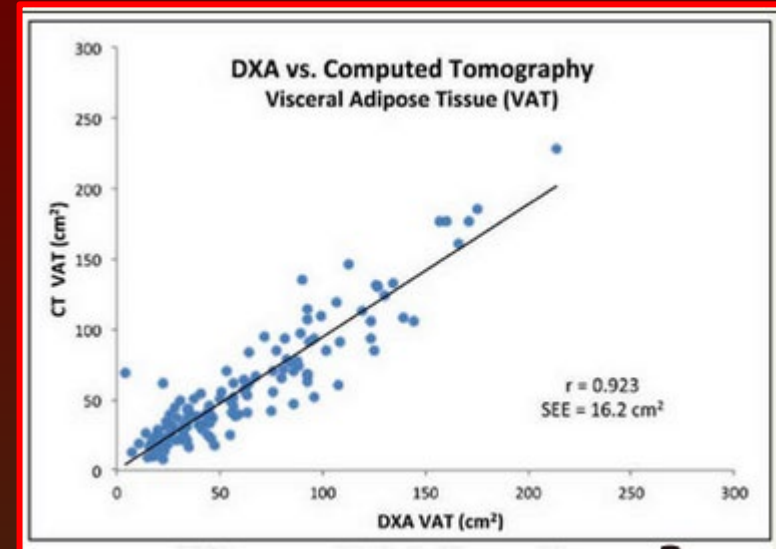
Validation of Adiposity by DXA



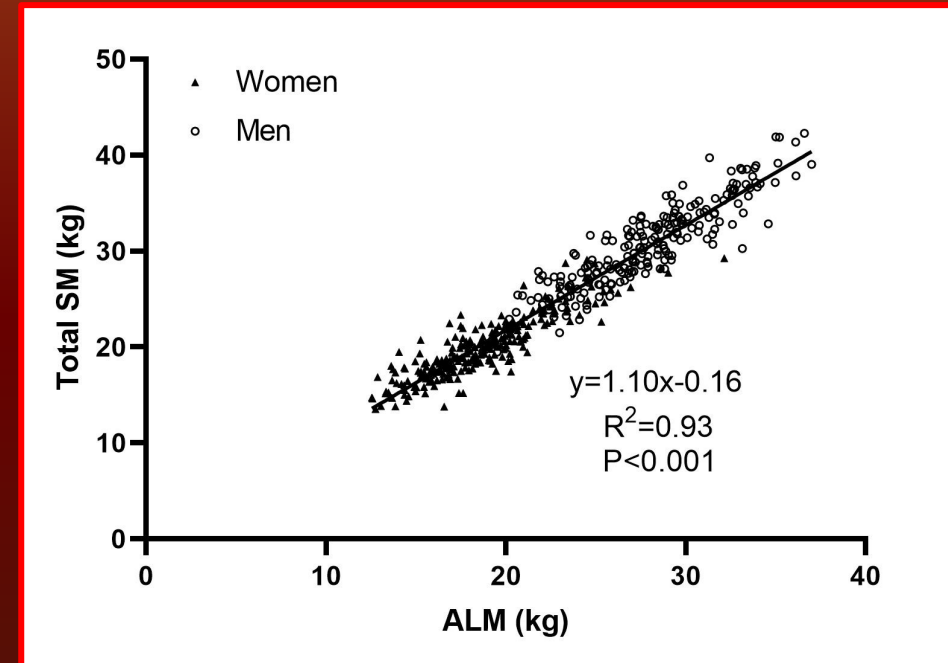
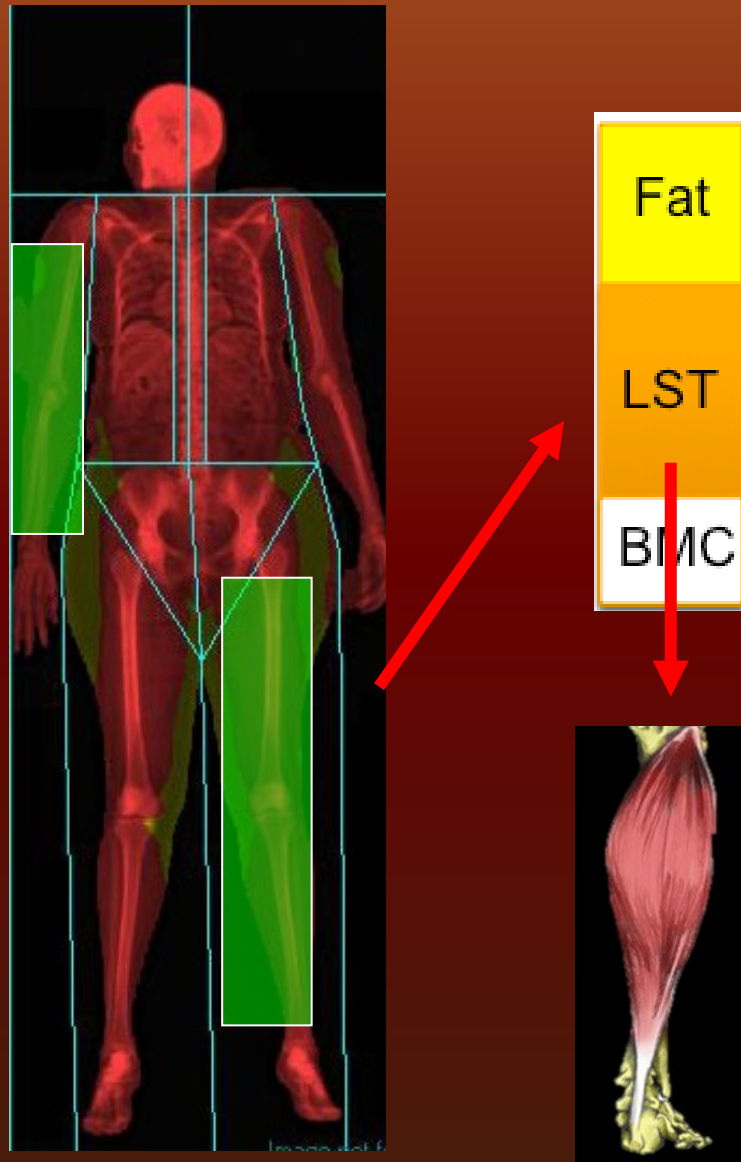
Visceral adipose Tissue CT vs. DXA



Visceral Adipose Tissue (VAT)
Subcutaneous Adipose Tissue (SAT)



DXA Measurement of Skeletal Muscle Mass

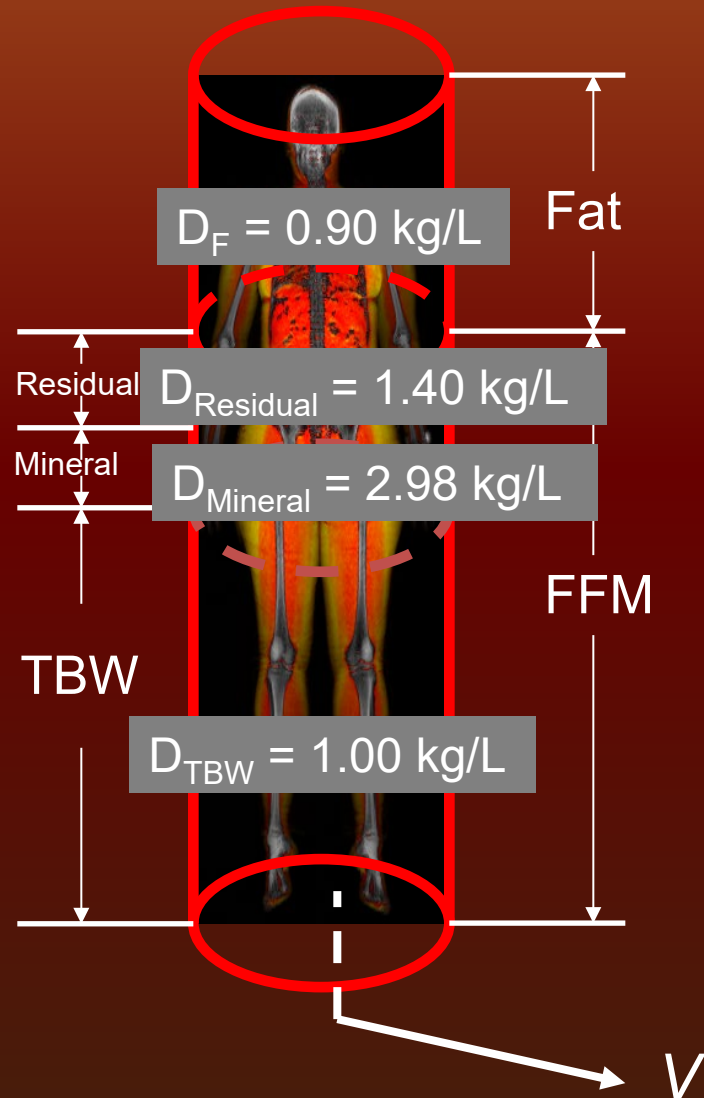


1990

4-Component Model

$$M_T = M_F + M_{TBW} + M_{Mineral} + M_{Protein}$$

Combine body density, total body water, Bone Mineral Measurements

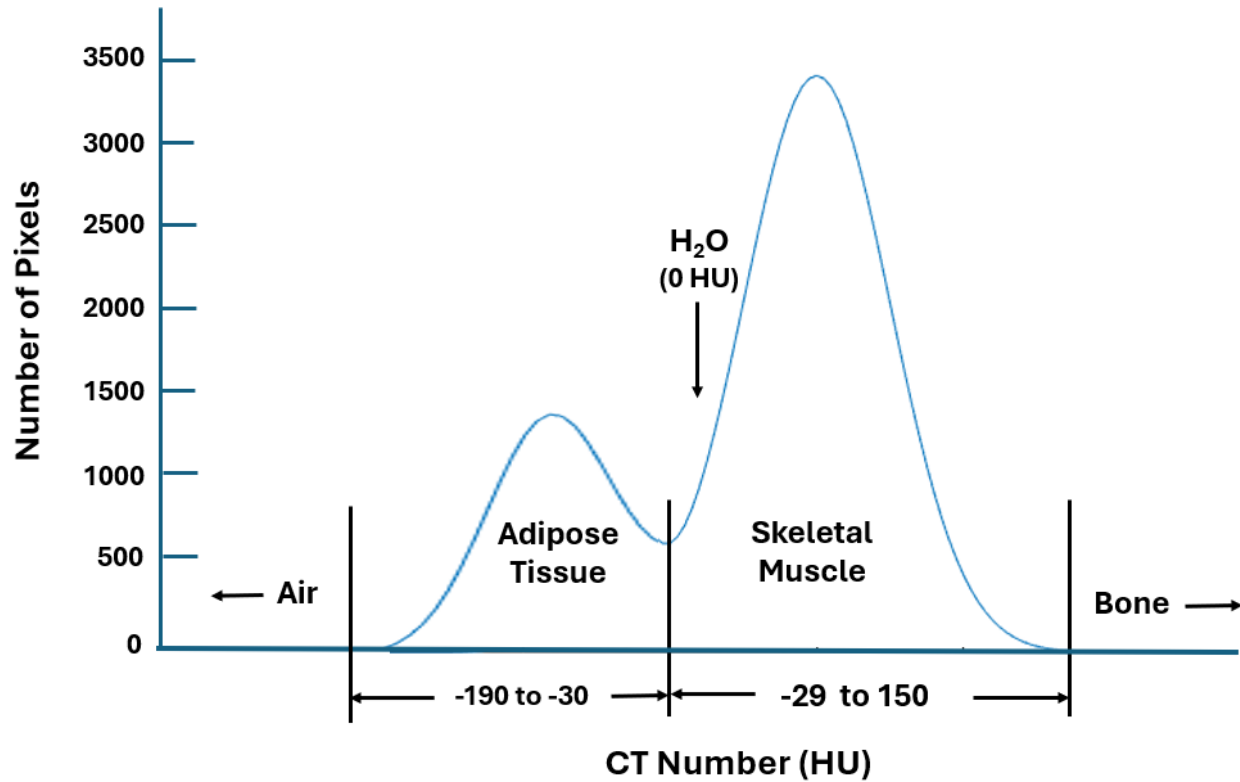


$$M_F = 2.51 \times V - 0.74 \times TBW + 0.95 \times Mo - 1.79 \times M_T$$

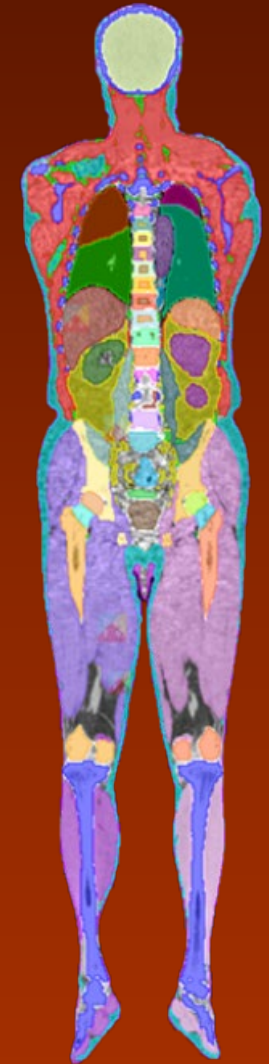
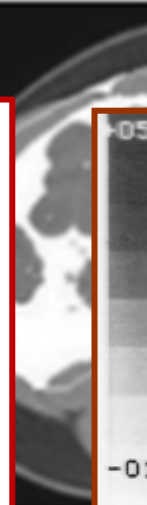


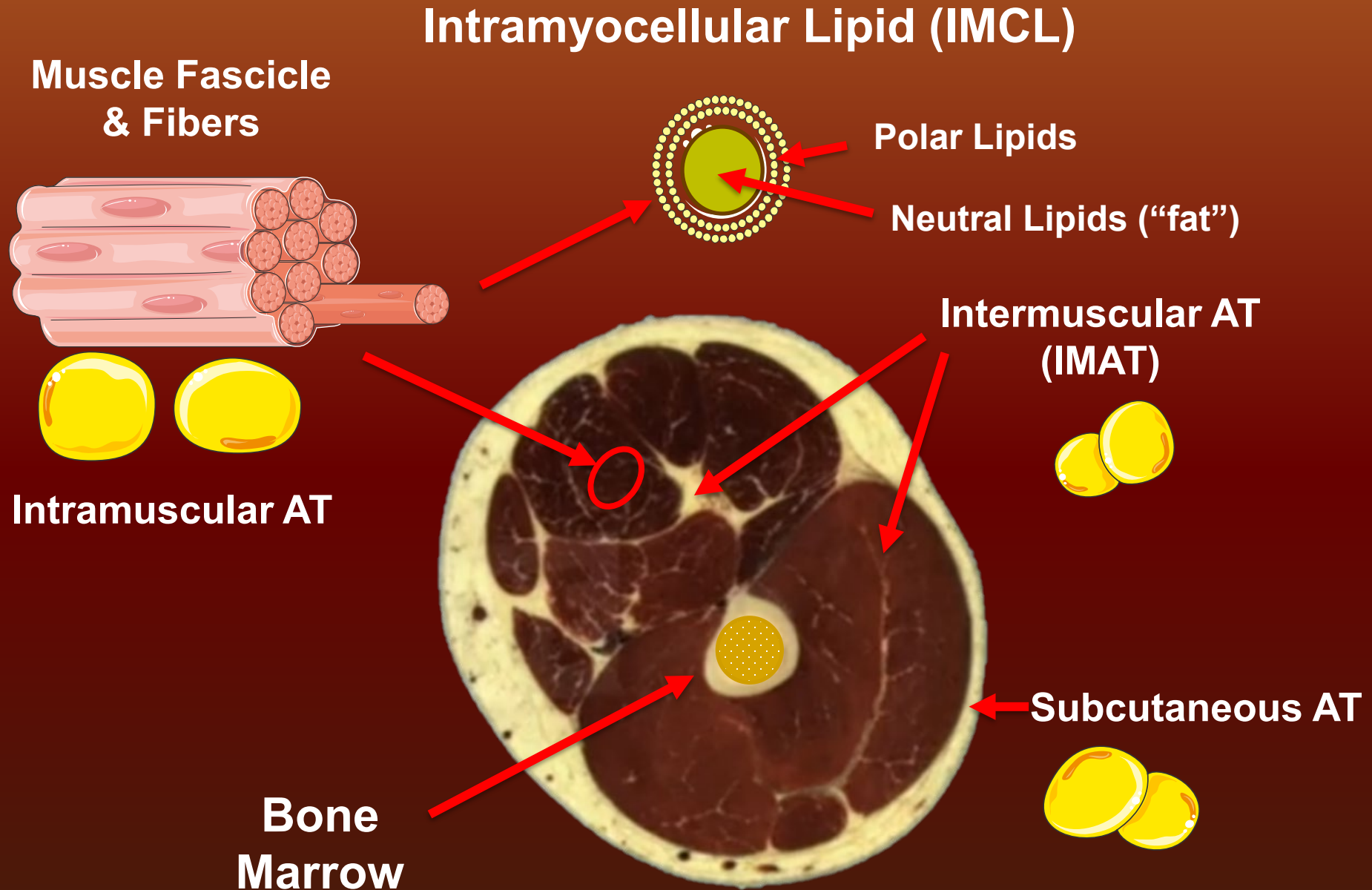
1973-5

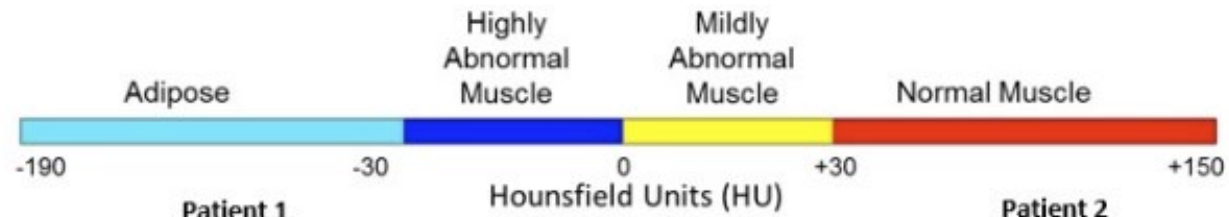
Computerized Axial Tomography



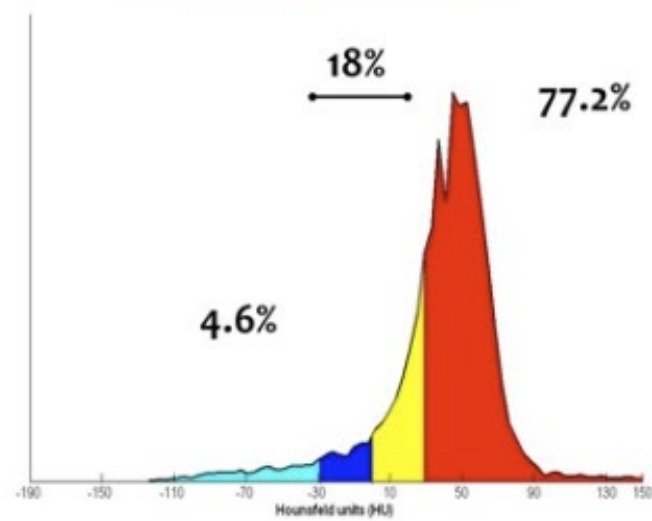
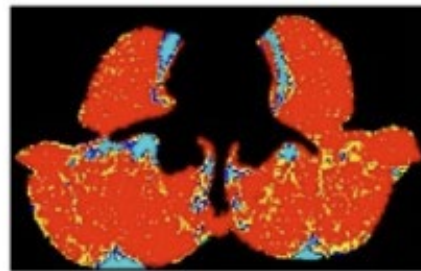
Geoffrey Hounsfield



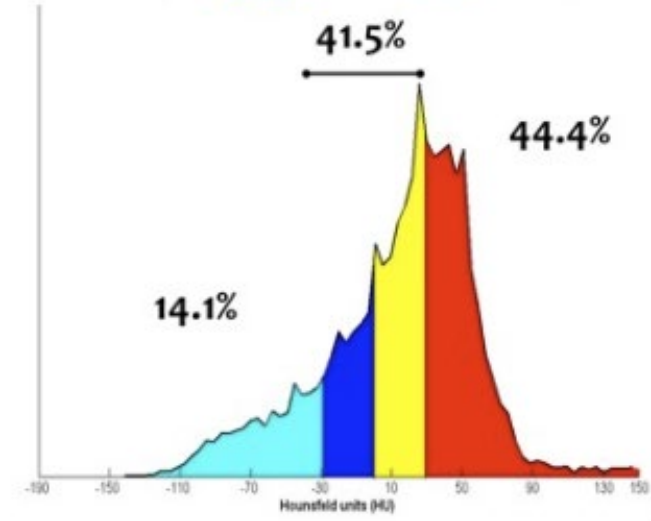
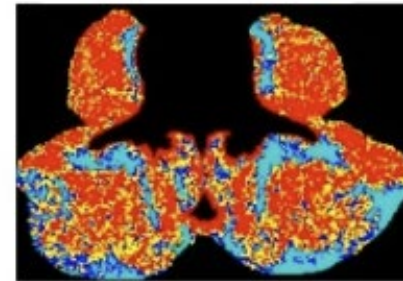




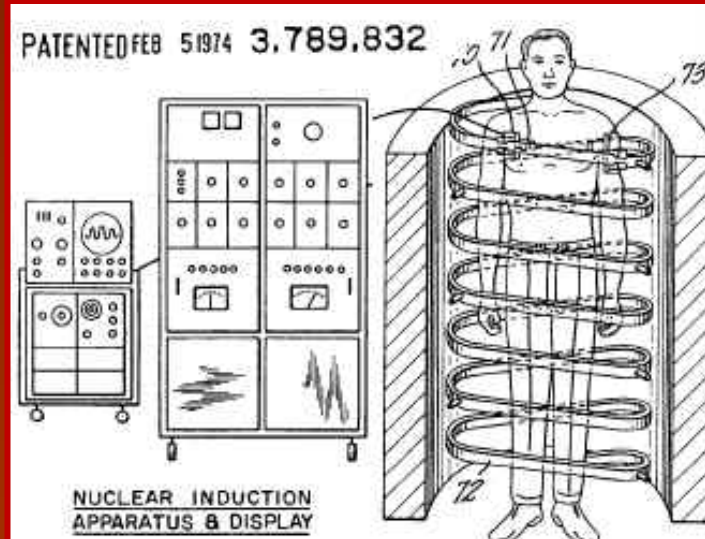
Patient 1
(HU=42.3 HU)



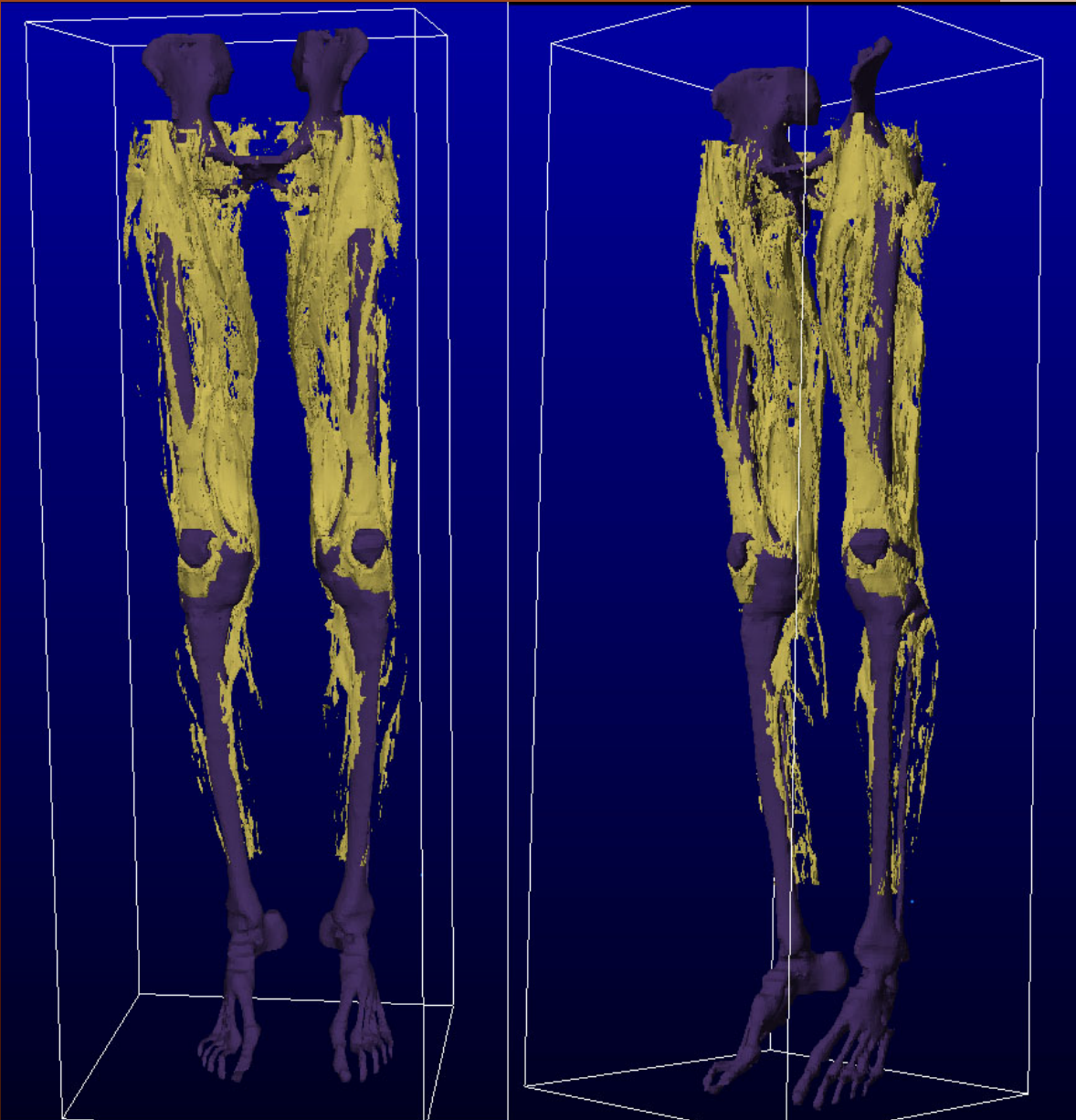
Patient 2
(HU=20.4)

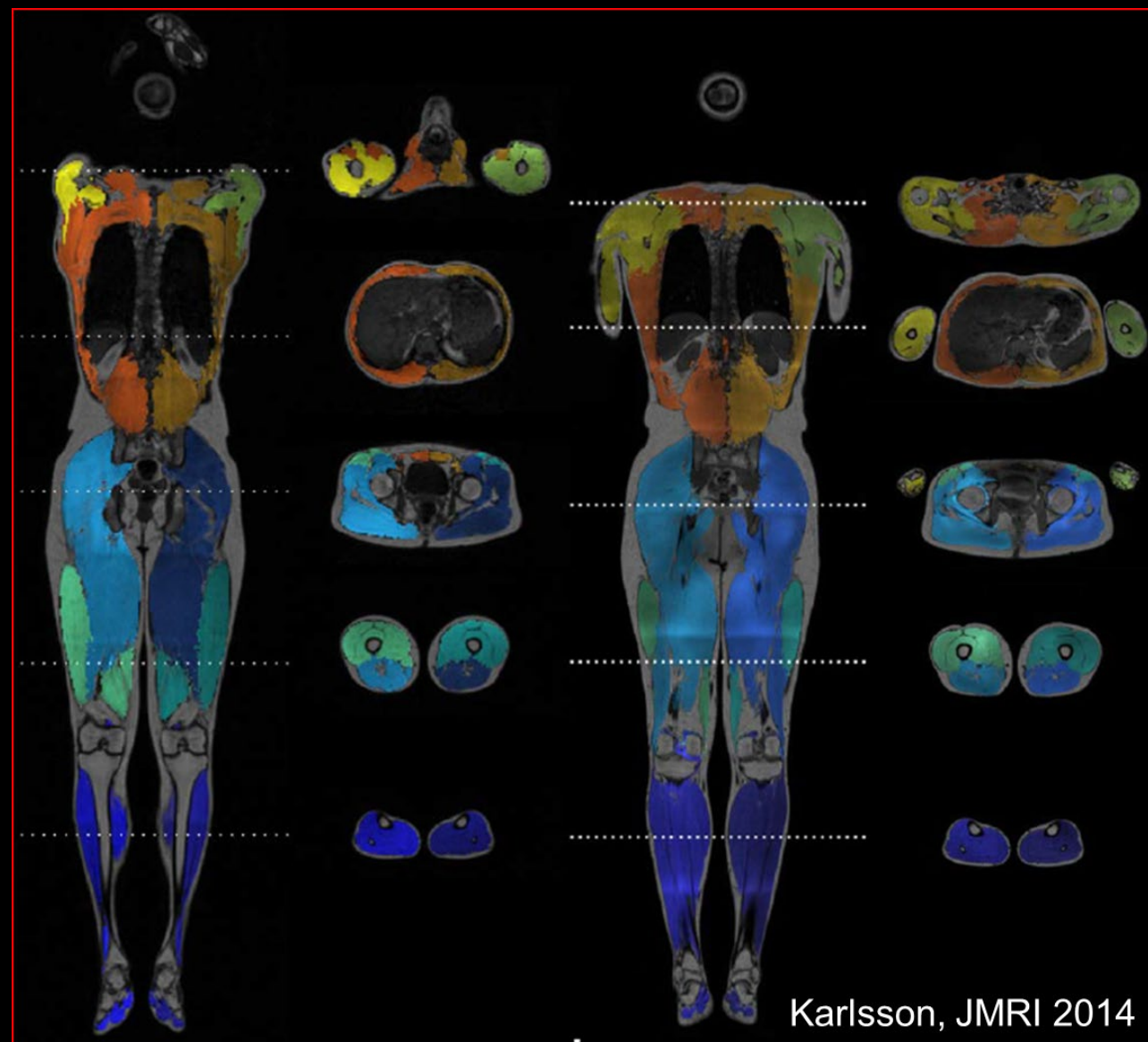


Magnetic Resonance Imaging



Whole-Body MRI for Body Composition Measurement





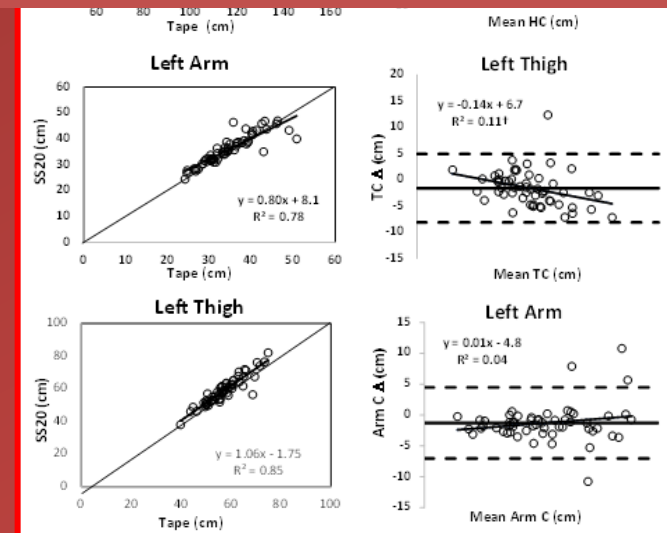
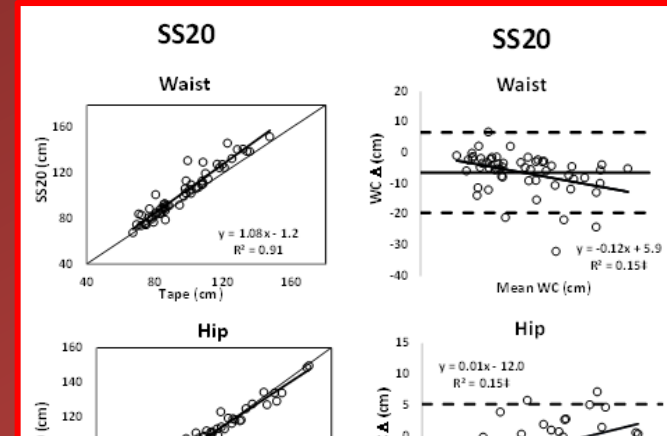
1990s

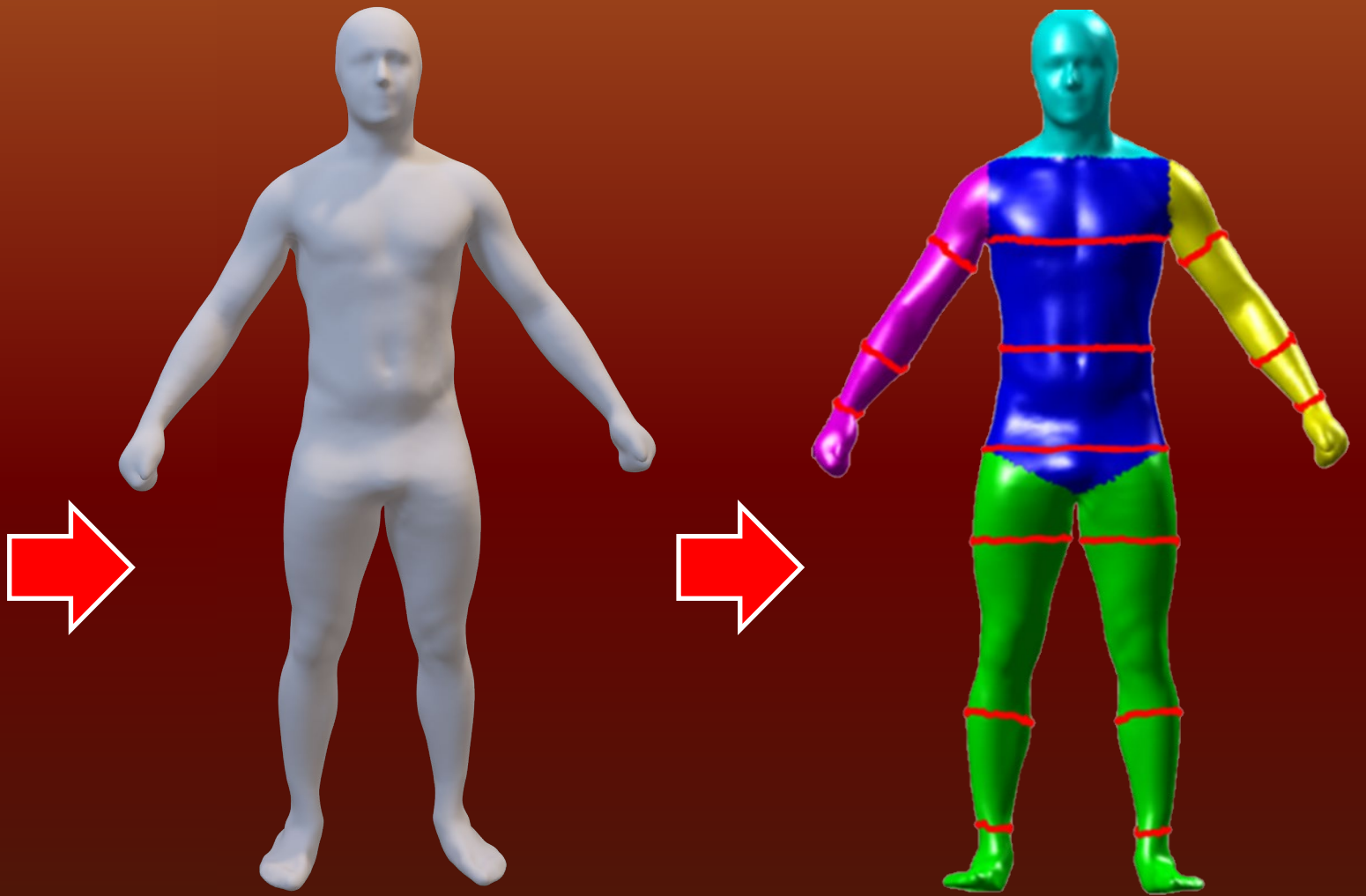
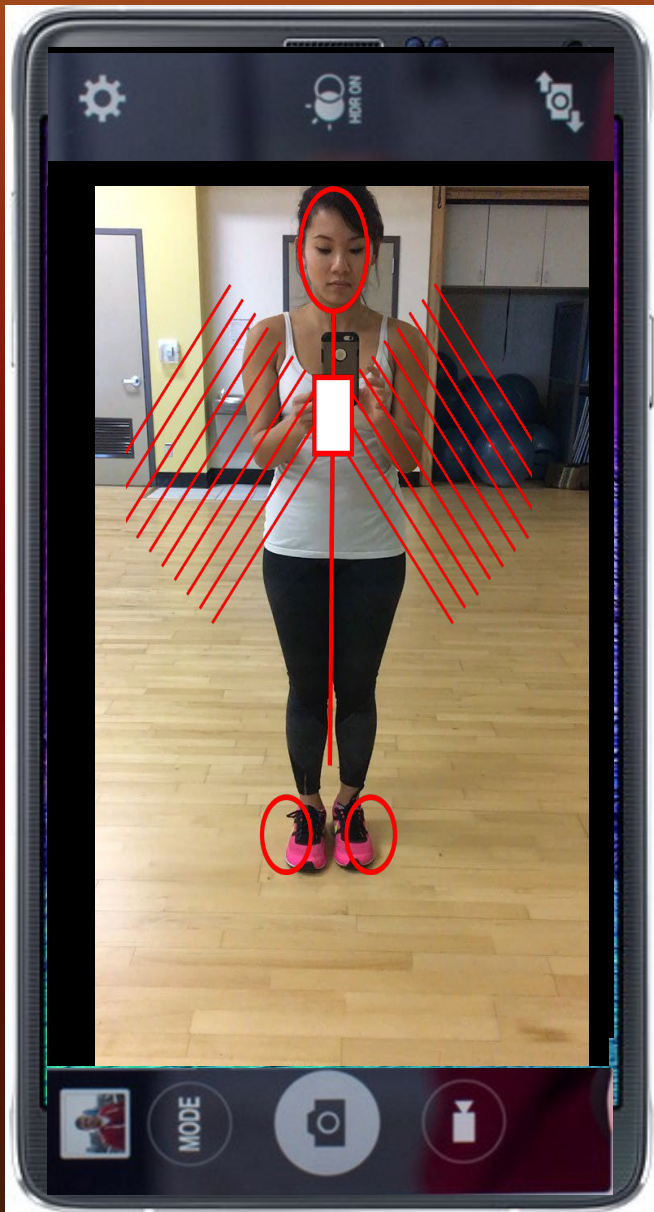
Development of Laser Scanners



Advances in Digital Anthropometry

Good predictions of total and regional body fat & fat-free mass

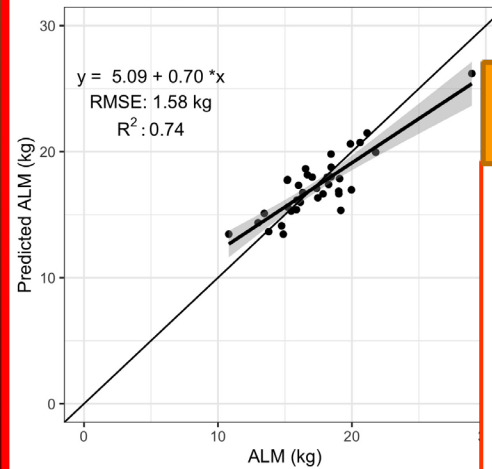




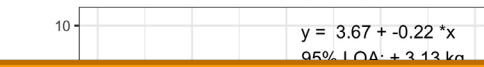
Skeletal Muscle Prediction



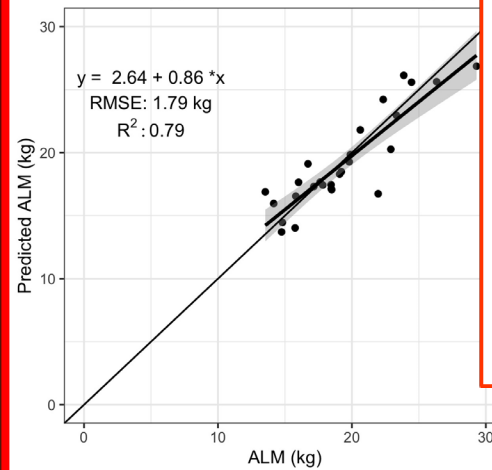
A LASSO Regression Cross-Validation (SS20)



B Bland-Altman Analysis (SS20)

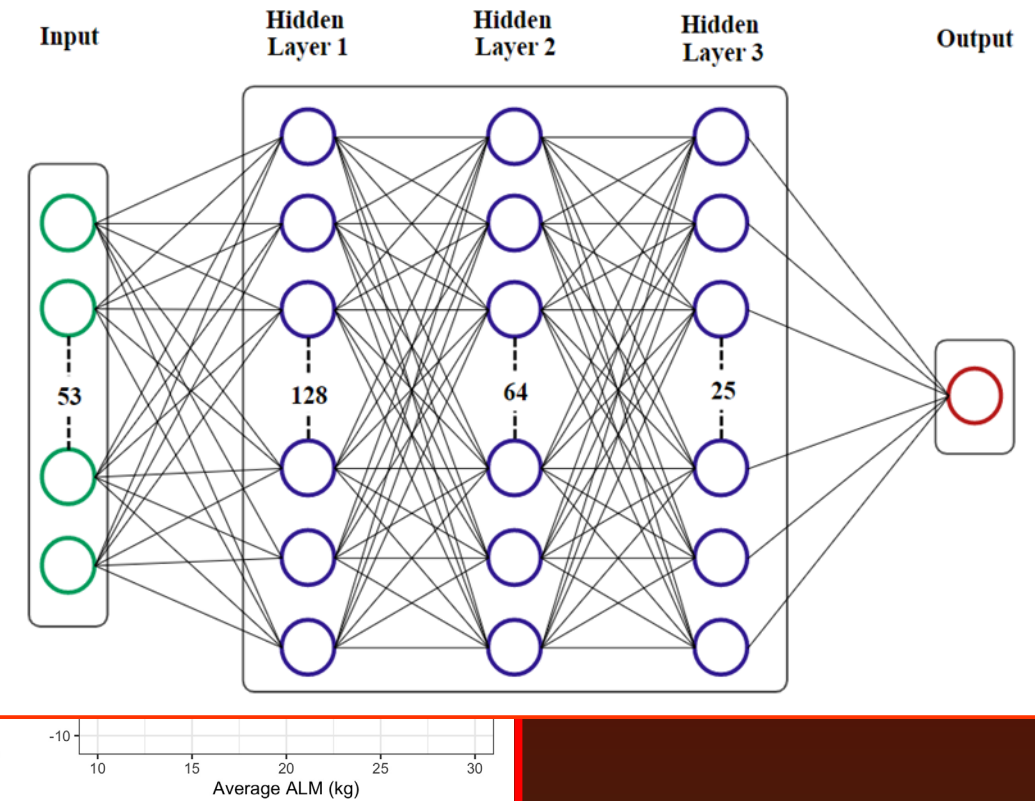


C LASSO Regression Cross-Validation (Me30)



Neural Net

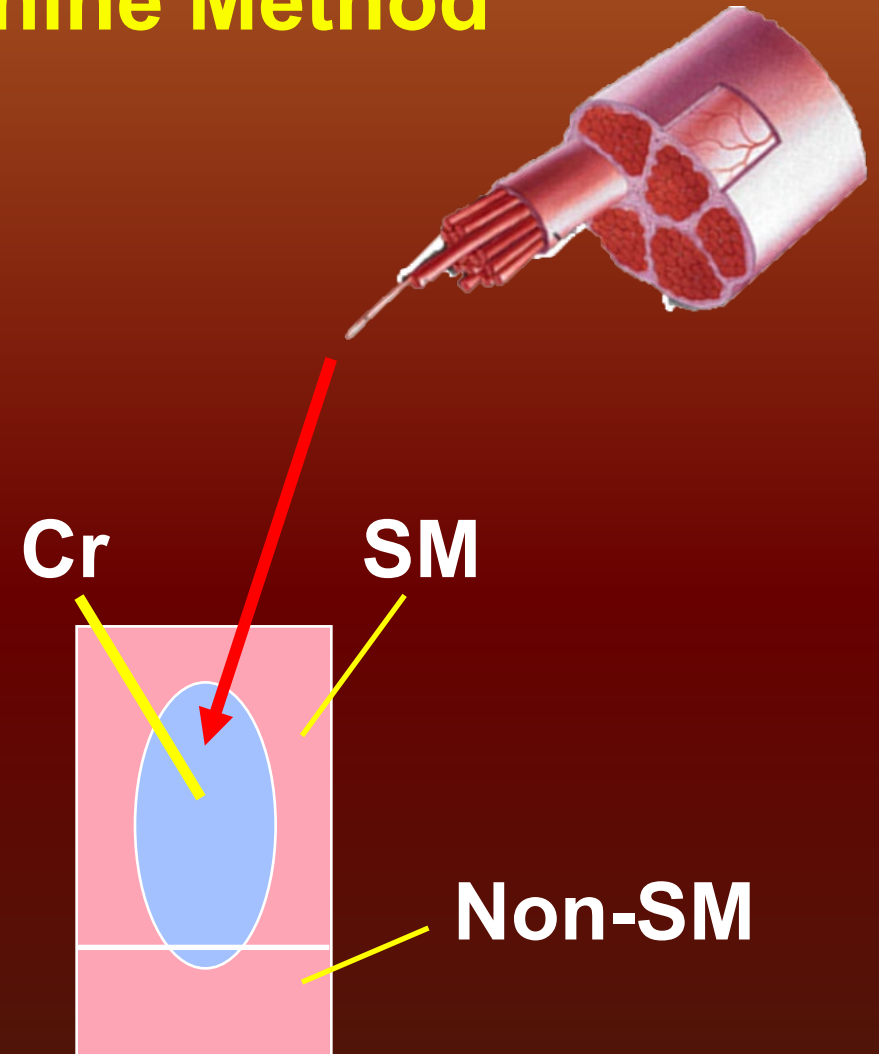
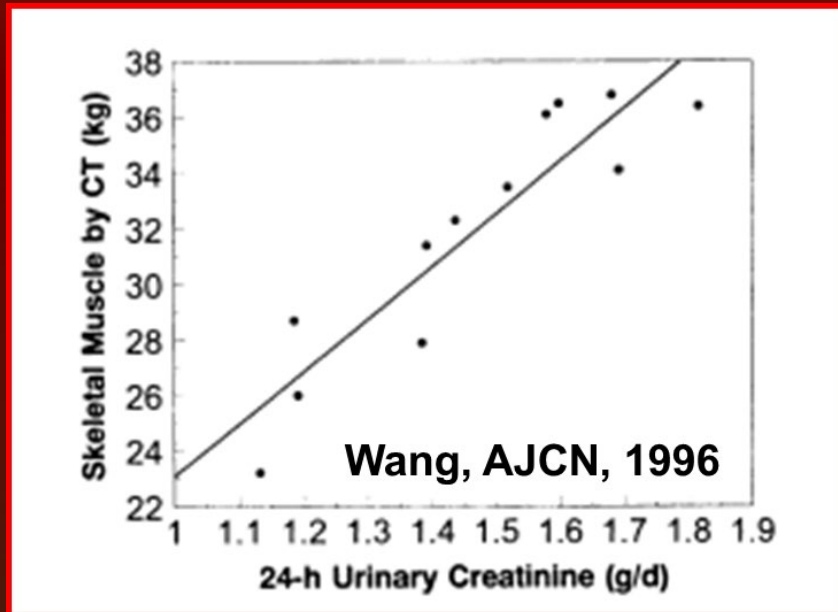
Mazzarato et al.



Muscle Mass: Urinary Creatinine Method

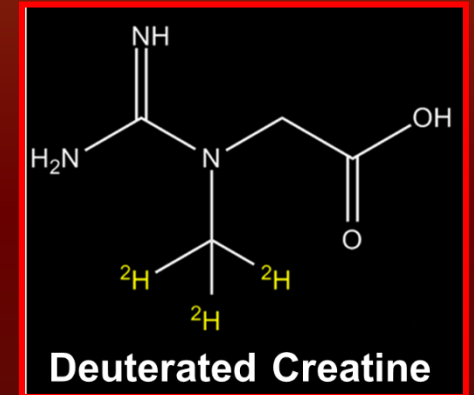
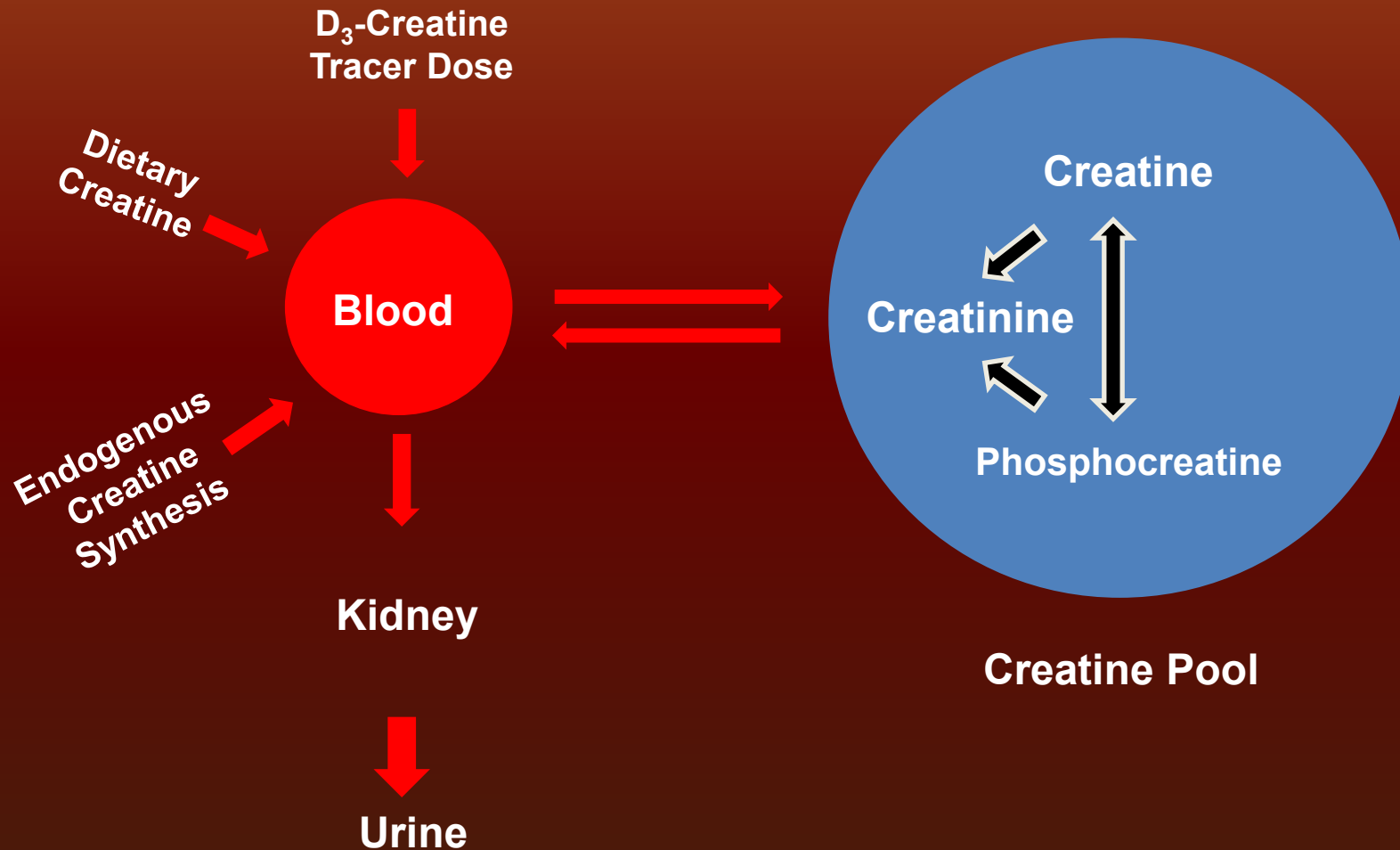
$$SM = k \times Cr_{urine}$$

$$SM = a \times Cr_{urine} + b$$



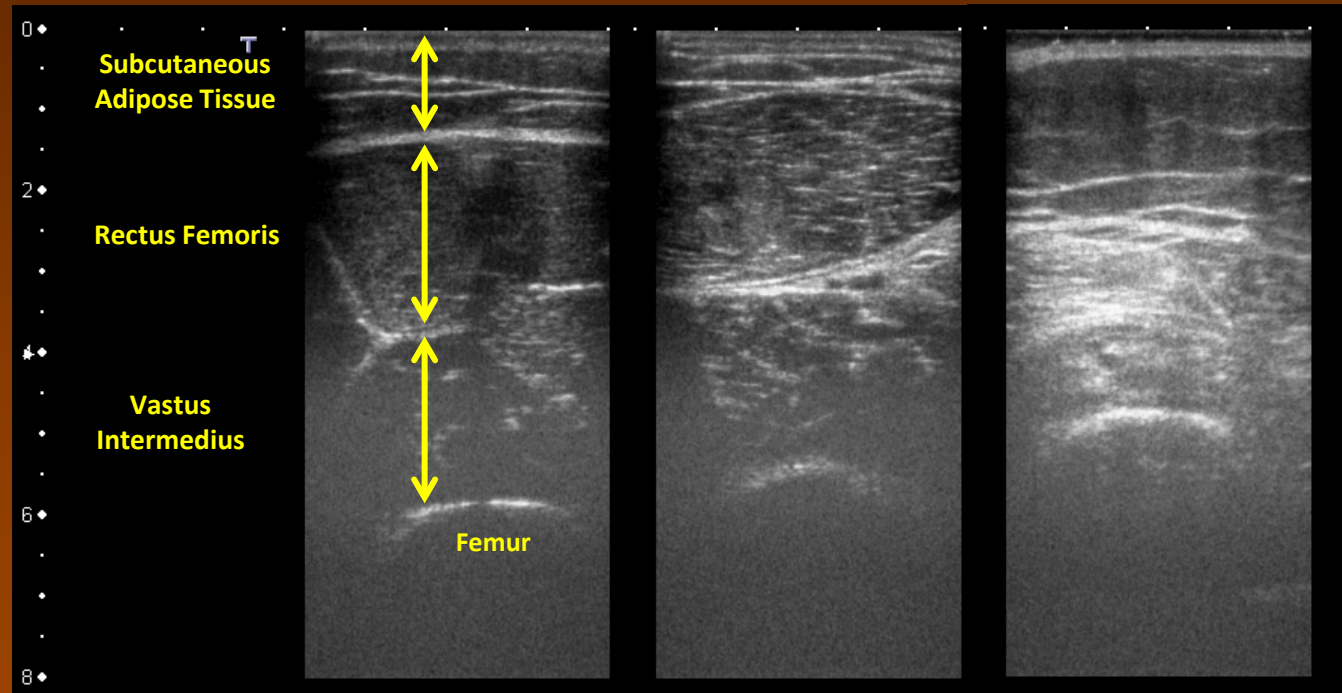
$$a = 22 \text{ kg SM/g } Cr_{urine}$$

Muscle Cell Mass: D₃-Creatine Dilution Method



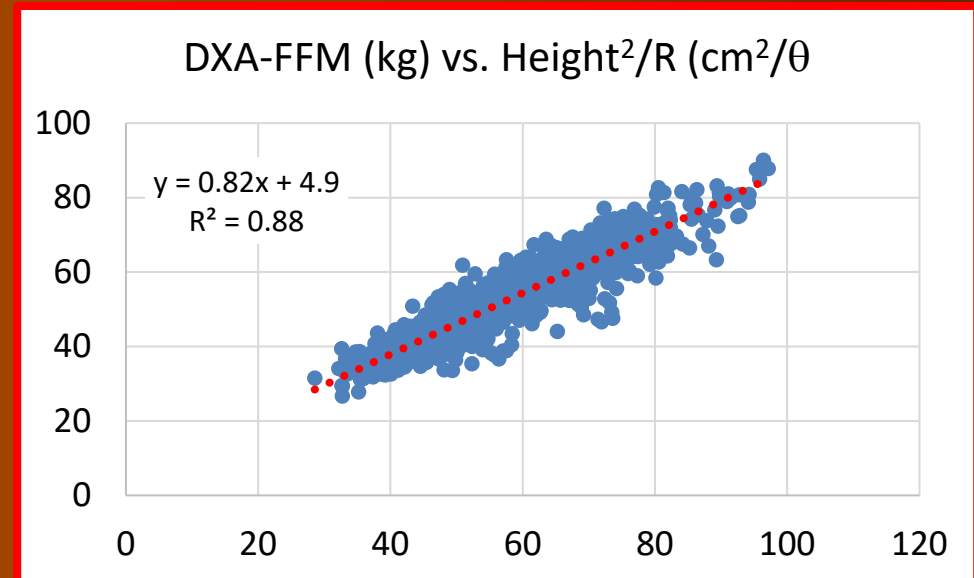
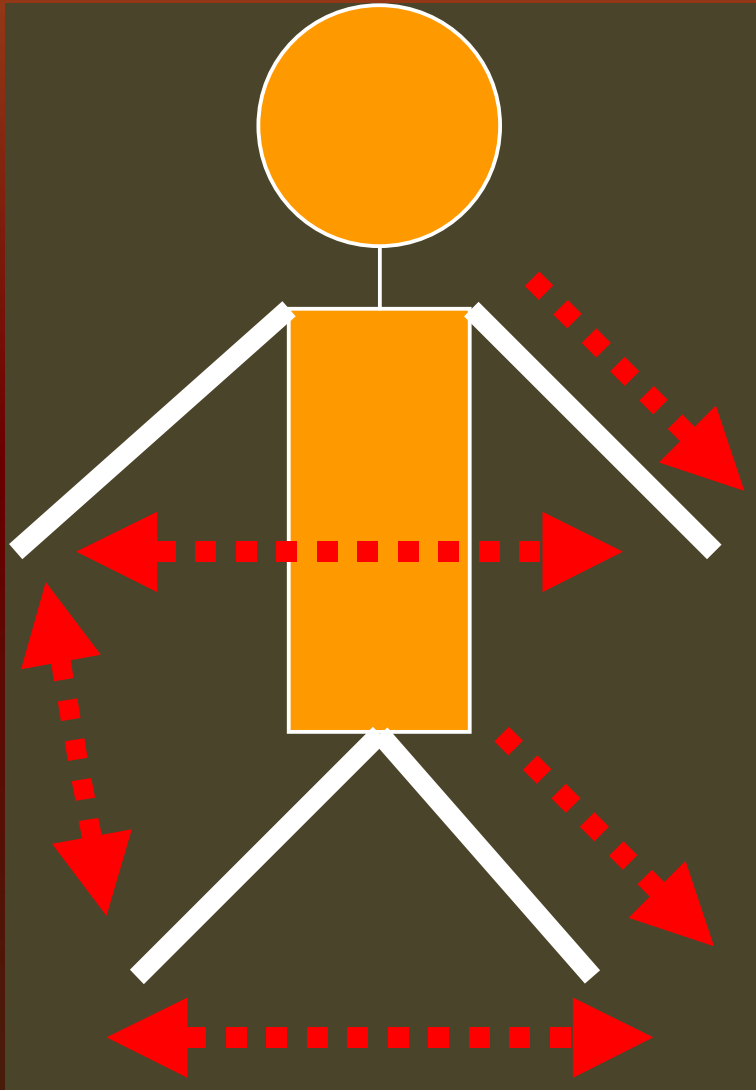
1942

Ultrasound

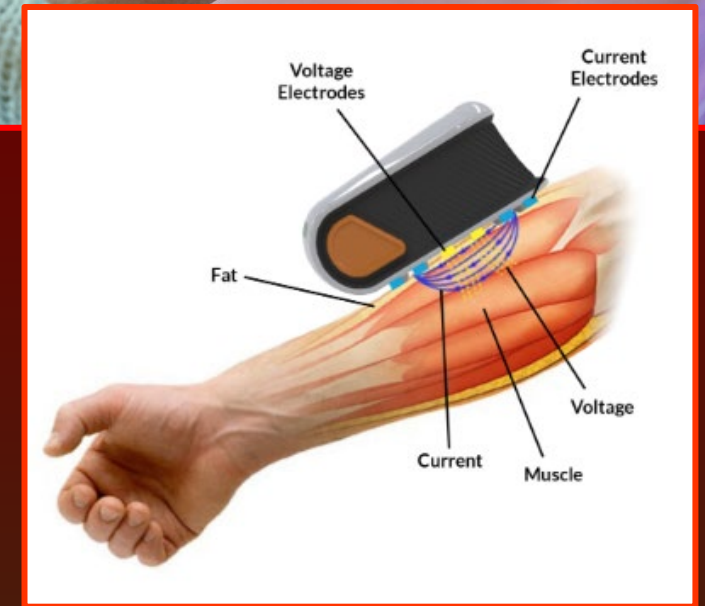
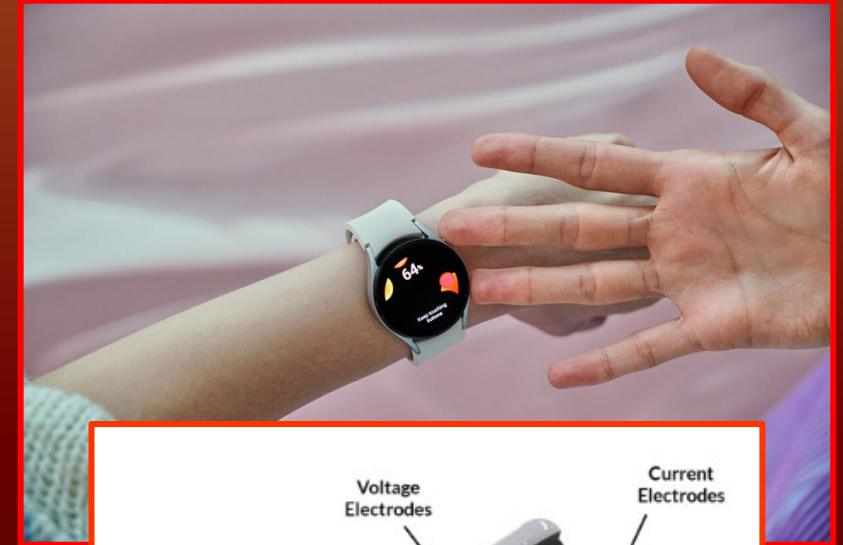
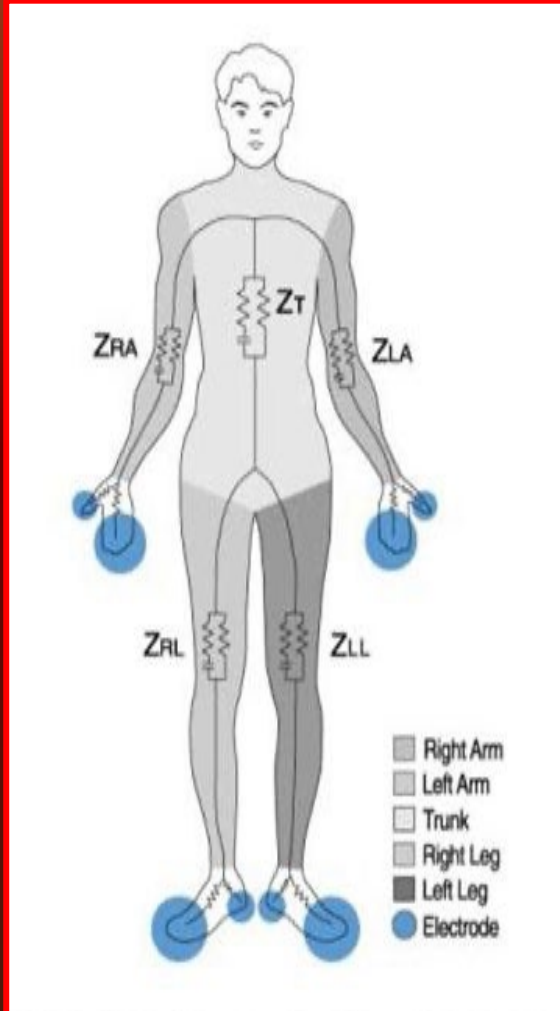


Dussik, K.T. Neurol. Psychiat. 1942.

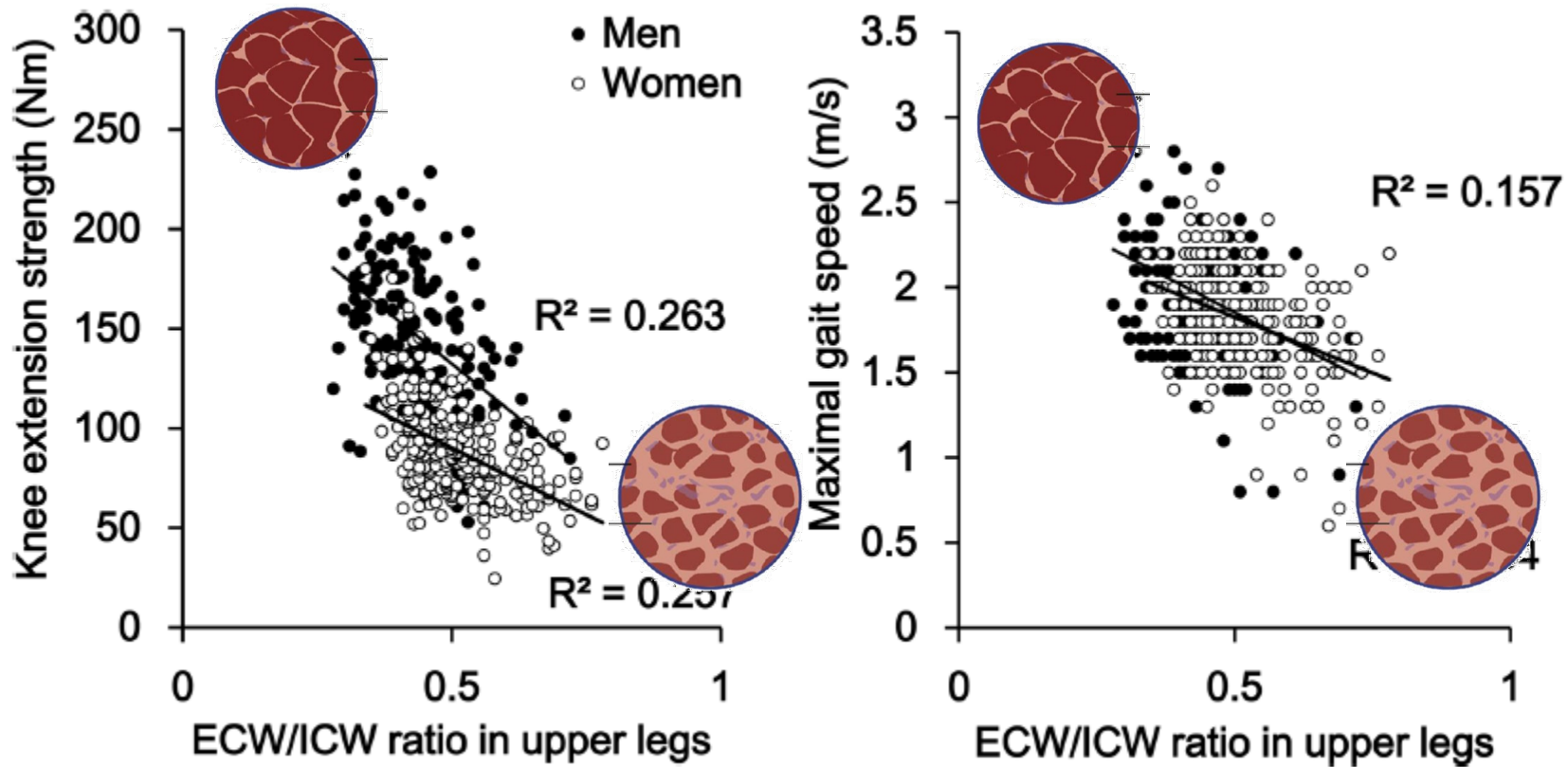
Bioimpedance Analysis



Bioimpedance Analysis



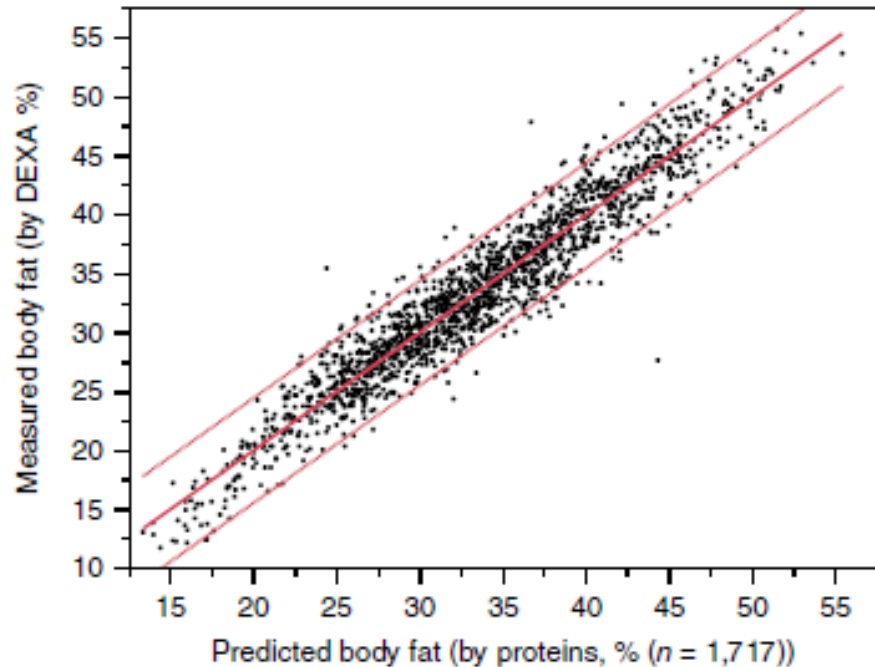
BIA and Muscle Composition



Muscle Atrophy→

Muscle Atrophy→

Adiposity Estimation from Blood Measurements



Predictor Variables:

Leptin

FABP (fatty acid binding protein)

SFRP4 (secreted frizzled-related
protein 4)

General Metabolics: Metabolomics
SomaLogic: Proteomics

Gaps

- **Accurate detection of small changes in body components.**
- **Need for improved/reproducible/practical field methods.**
- **Lower-cost advanced imaging technology.**
- **Approaches for measuring body (muscle) (contractile) proteins.**
- **Need for integrated advanced dynamic energy balance-body composition models.**