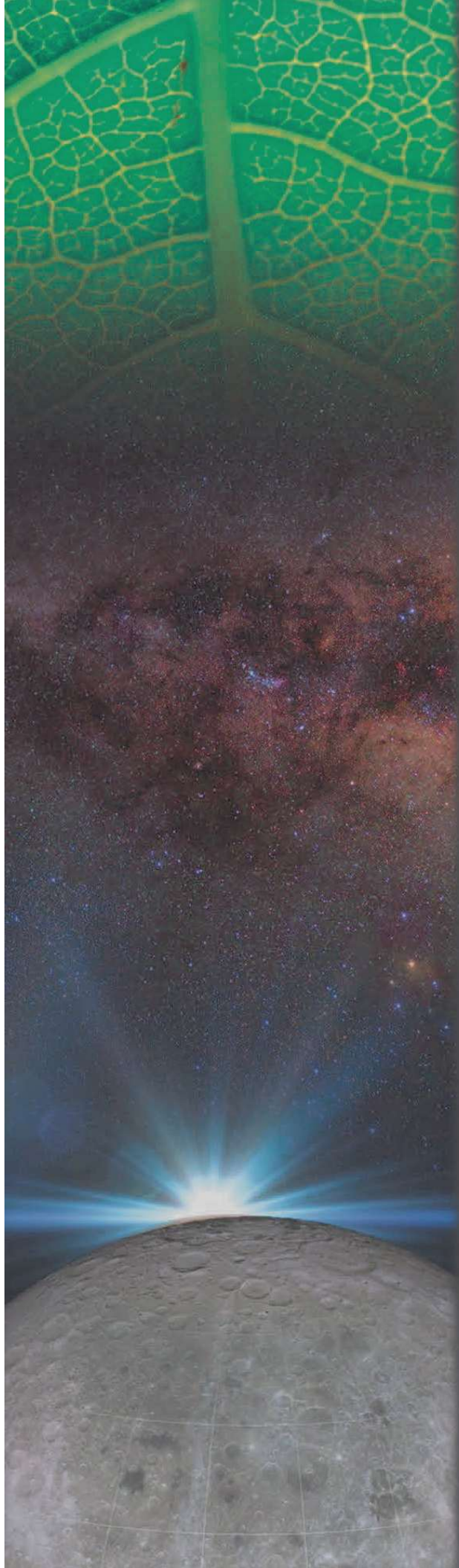
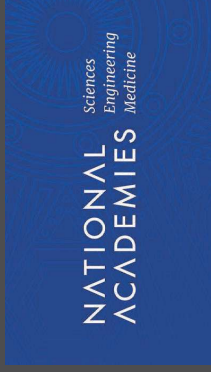




# Overview of ECLSS for Human Lunar Exploration

*Key Non-Polar Destinations Across the Moon to Address Decadal-level Science Objectives with Human Explorers:  
Panel on Human and Biological Science*

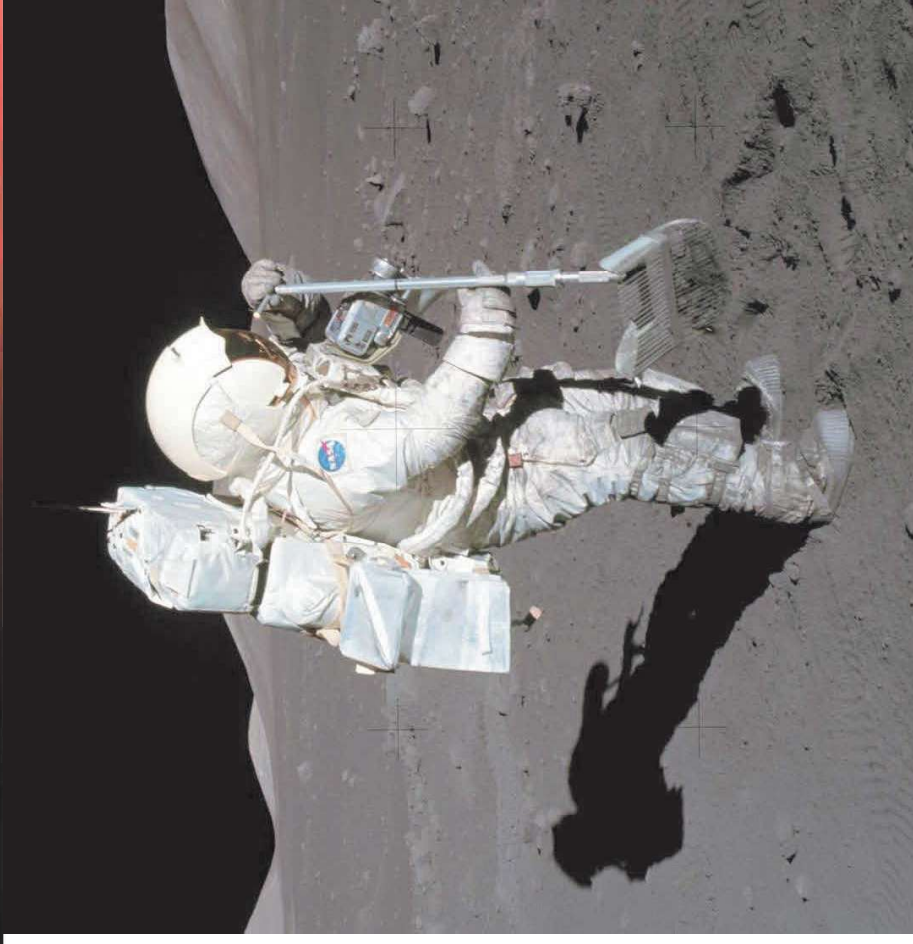


Ryan L. Kobrick, Ph.D.  
Space Lab<sup>®</sup>, Boulder, CO



# Key Discussion Topics

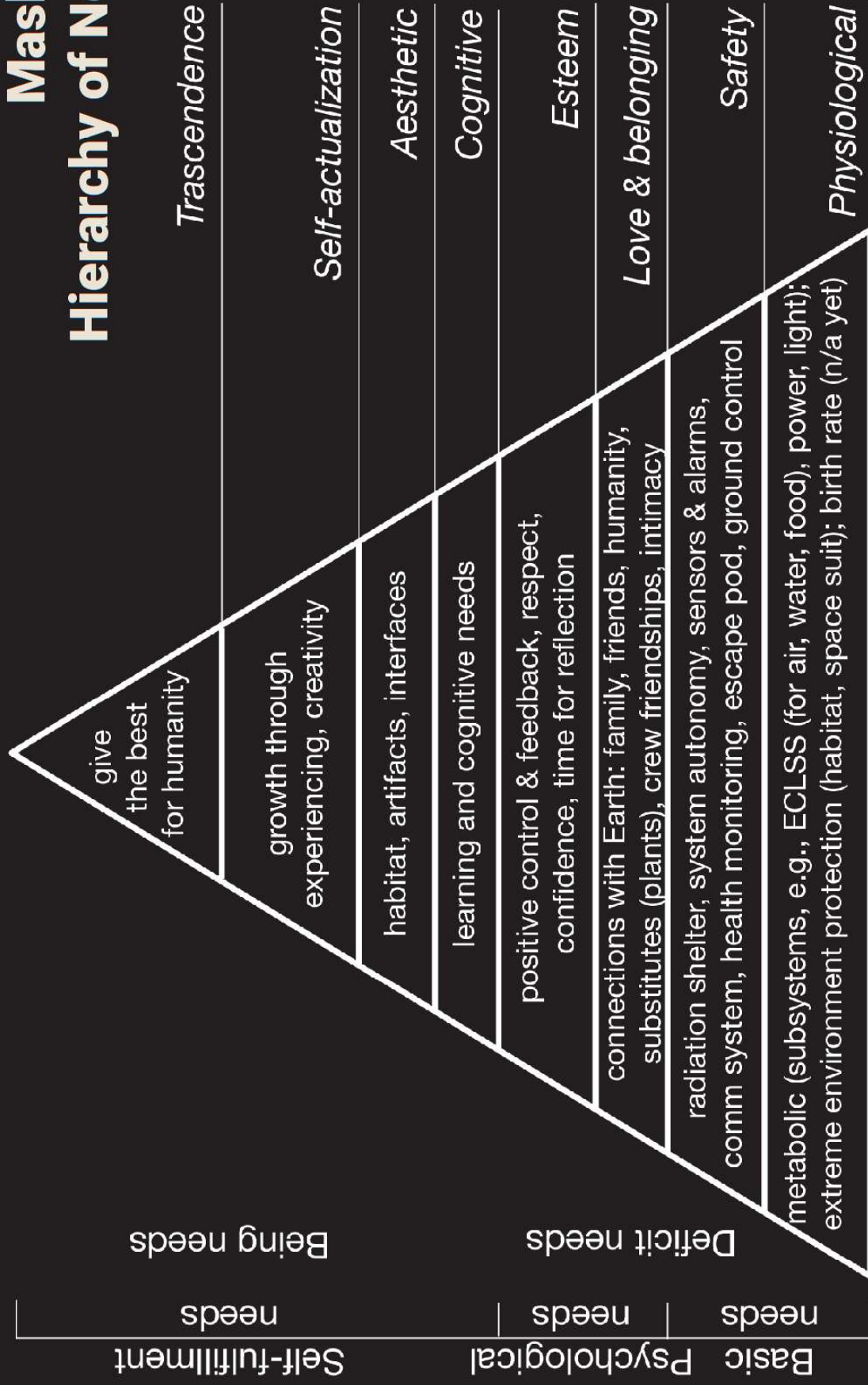
- Human Centered Design
  - Overview & ECLSS Design Drivers
- ECLSS Portfolio
- Non-Polar Lunar Destination Considerations
- A Few Lunar ECLSS Design Considerations
- Discussion





# HUMAN CENTERED DESIGN

# Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs



An artistic illustration of two astronauts inside a spacecraft module. The astronauts are wearing white space suits with green life-support backpacks and are seated in their seats. The module's interior is dark with blue and green lighting. A red emergency light is visible on the left. The text 'The Fundamental Tiers of Life Support Design' is written in white, bold, sans-serif font across the top.

# The Fundamental Tiers of Life Support Design

1. KEEP ALIVE.
2. BE ABLE TO FUNCTION.
3. COMFORT.

# The Rule of 3's



Missing from infographic: PRESSURE → 3 seconds!

<https://www.offgridweb.com/survival/infographic-the-survival-rule-of-3s/>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nag-z7WwFdY>

Ryan L. Kobrick, Ph.D. © 2025





# Human Physiological Needs → Consumables

## Human Metabolic Inputs & Outputs

### Human Needs = ECLSS Design Drivers

*ECLSS = Environmental Control & Life Support Systems*

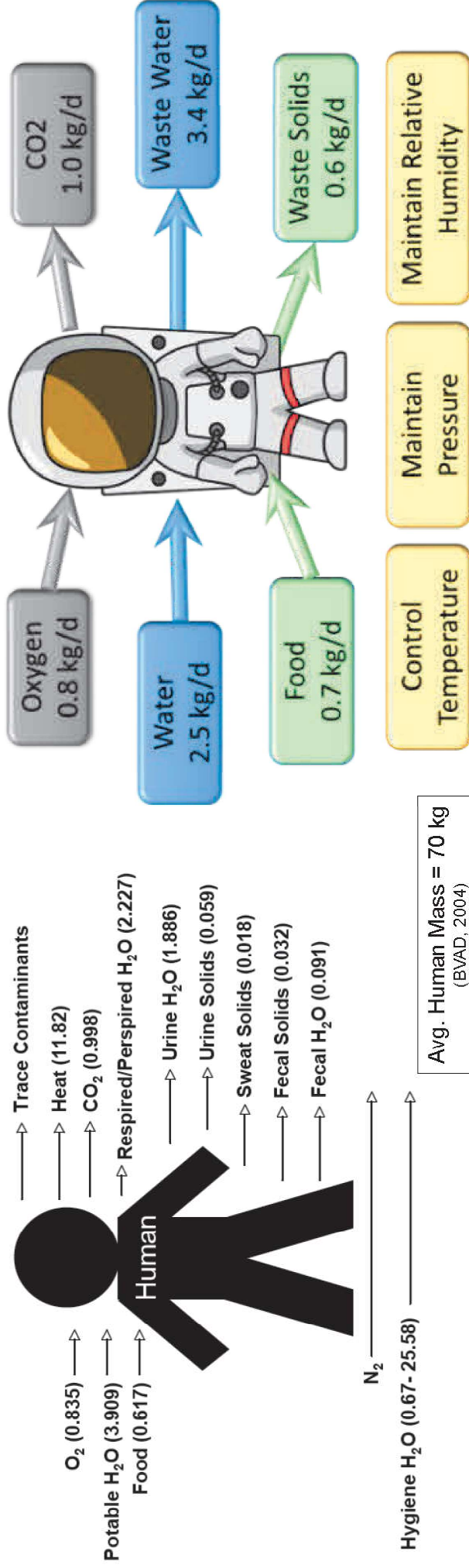


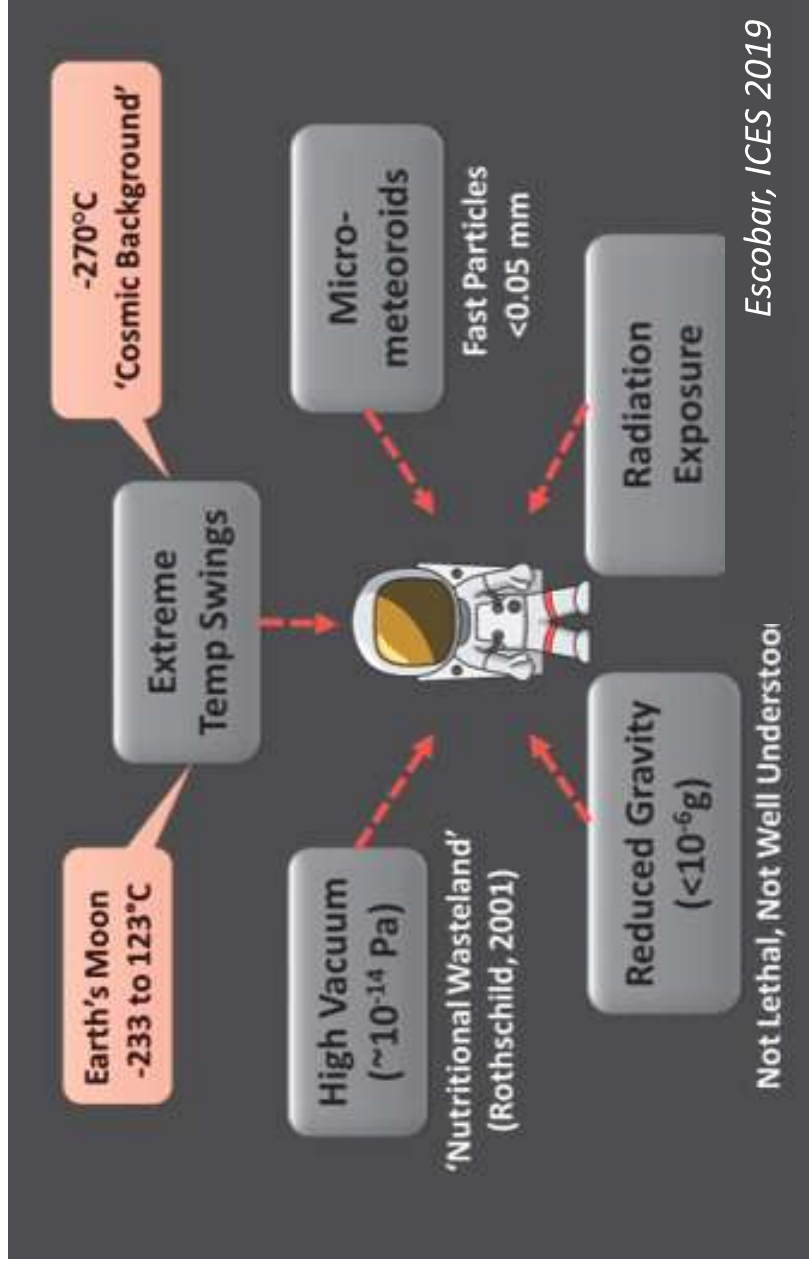
Figure 1. Human Consumable and Throughput Values in kg (or MJ)/crewmember/day

BVAD 2015 (pp 50, 53, 64, & 106)  
Escobar, ICES 2019

Ryan L. Kobrick, Ph.D. © 2025



# ECLSS Design Drivers Interplanetary Environment





# ECLSS PORTFOLIO

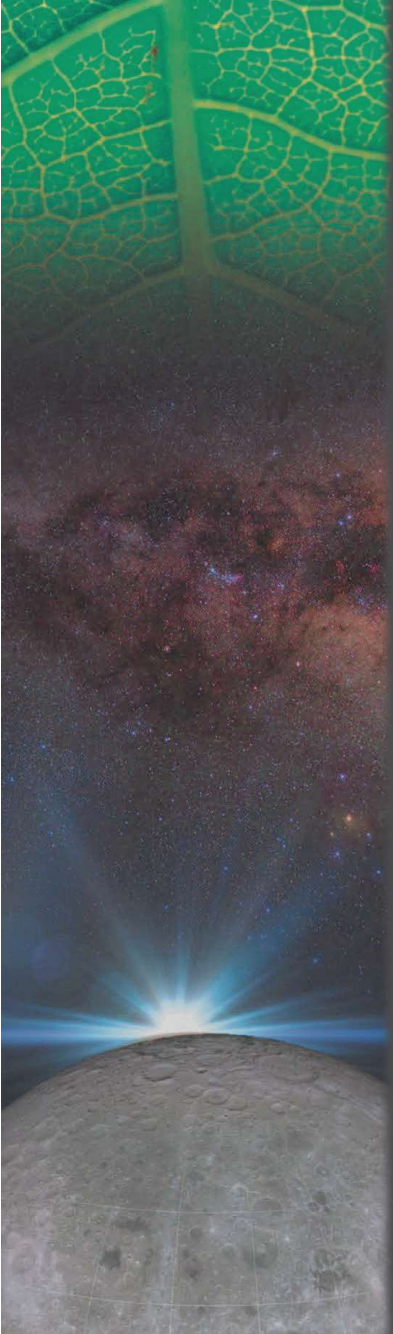




# ECLSS Portfolio on the Lunar Surface

- Static: Landers, Habitats
- Mobile: Spacesuits, Pressurized Rovers
- Payloads: Life Science, ISRU reactors
  - Ex. LEAF
    - Human-tended payload with an ECLSS by a suited astronaut that has their own ECLSS after leaving the ECLSS of their lunar lander.





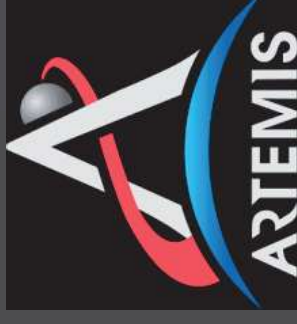
The future of sustainability includes plants in space...

- ECLSS:
  - Air & Water Revitalization
  - Waste Management
  - Nutritious Food
- Bioproducts:
  - Medicine, Biofuel, Fibers, Polymers

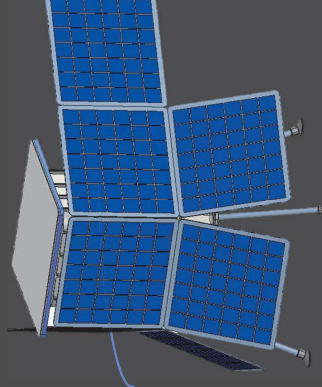
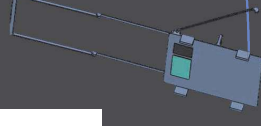
**Lunar Effects on Agricultural Flora (LEAF  $\beta$ )** will provide the first, comprehensive assessment of organism-wide effects of the Lunar environment on model space-crops, reducing risks for sustainable off-planet food production and life support.

# LEAF

## Lunar Effects on Agricultural Flora



Artemis III Deployed  
Instruments (A3DI)



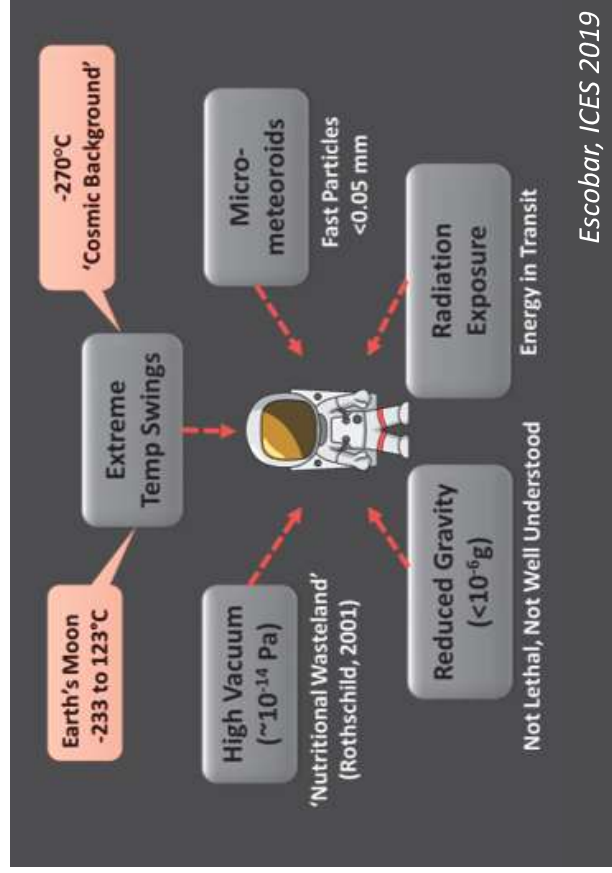


# NON-POLAR LUNAR DESTINATION CONSIDERATIONS



# What does this mean for “Non-Polar” Lunar?

- Assume uniform: Vacuum, g, dust
- Protected by Layers: Micrometeoroids, Cosmic Radiation
  - Structures, suit layers, regolith, natural terrain features
- **Location Driven: Thermal (Solar Radiation and Temperatures)**
  - Structures, suit layers, regolith, natural terrain features (esp. shadows)
  - **Time/exposure up to 2 weeks**





# Lunar Considerations for Non-Polar ECLSS

## **Operational & Resource Advantages**

- **Continuous Solar Power (14 Days)**
  - Provides long periods of stable energy for ECLSS operation and potential bioregenerative systems (plants).
  - Predictable for thermal management (and energy).
- **Local Oxygen Source (ISRU)**
  - Oxygen is universally abundant in non-polar silicate regolith ( $\text{SiO}_2$ ) for in-situ  $\text{O}_2$  production.
- **Stable Communications**
  - Equatorial location provides predictable, direct line-of-sight with Earth for mission support.



# Lunar Considerations for Non-Polar ECLSS

## Key ECLSS Design Challenge (Disadvantages)

- **Massive Diurnal Temperature Swings**
  - **Lunar Day (+120°C):** Requires massive **Heat Rejection** radiator surface area for habitat cooling.
  - **Lunar Night (–170°C):** Requires robust **Insulation and Active Heating** to prevent ECLSS fluid lines and components from freezing. Passive options, but are high mass and complicated.
- **14-Day Power Loss**
  - Requires a high-mass **Energy Storage** solution (e.g., Regenerative Fuel Cells) to maintain critical ECLSS functions through the night.
- **Water Scarcity**
  - No concentrated water ice; forces extremely high ECLSS **Water Recycling** closure rates (>95%).



# Lunar Considerations for Non-Polar ECLSS

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# A FEW LUNAR ECLIPSES DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

## A few final lunar thoughts...

- Test-as-We-Build.
  - habitation infrastructure is established in functional increments
    - analogous to living in a home while it is being built
  - AIAA Lunar Surface Exploration and Development Task Force
  - Chartered to “identify and document critical initial steps for lunar surface exploration that will promote sustainable lunar and space exploration, international cooperation and coordination, and economic development.”
- The best R&D for the Moon, is on the Moon.
- Artemis, Get Dirty.

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**Dirty as Schmitt.**



Images.NASA.gov



**Not so clean Gene.**



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# DISCUSSION

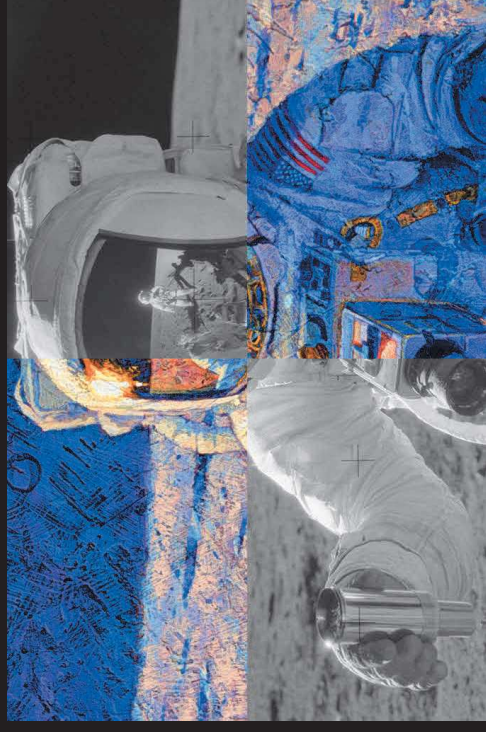


Image credit: NASA/Alan Bean via collectSPACE.com

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