



# Sustaining Essential Health Care Services Related to Intimate Partner Violence During Public Health Emergencies

National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine  
*January 10, 2023*

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**Vision: Healthy Communities, Healthy People**



# Roadmap

## Background

- About HRSA and HRSA OWH
- HRSA's work on IPV
- Why Public Health Emergencies

## Statement of Work

- Key areas of interest

## Working with the Report

- Potential uses

## Questions/Discussion



# Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA)

## Overview



Supports more than 90 programs that provide health care to people who are geographically isolated, economically or medically challenged



HRSA does this through grants and cooperative agreements to more than 3,000 awardees, including community and faith-based organizations, colleges and universities, hospitals, state, local, and tribal governments, and private entities



Every year, HRSA programs serve tens of millions of people, including people with HIV/AIDS, pregnant women, mothers and their families, and those otherwise unable to access quality health care

# About the Office of Women's Health

## Mission

- To advance health and wellness for women across the lifespan by leading and promoting innovative sex and gender-responsive public health approaches

## Vision

- Healthy Women Healthy Communities

## Core Functions

- Provide subject matter and technical expertise
- Lead cross-agency collaborations
- Consult with organizations and key stakeholders



# HRSA OWH and IPV

- Project Catalyst
- Survivor Health Connection Project
- IPV Health Provider Toolkit
- Health Partners on IPV + E
  - [www.healthpartnersipve.org](http://www.healthpartnersipve.org)
  - HRSA Bureau of Primary Health Care (BPHC)-supported National Training and Technical Assistance Partner (NTTAP)

## Project Catalyst: State/Territory-Wide Transformation on Health, Intimate Partner Violence, and Human Trafficking

Project Catalyst was a multi-year effort engaging more than 1,000 professionals across 10 states and 4 Pacific Islands. The goal was to support health and safety outcomes for survivors of violence who access health centers (HC) and community based domestic violence (DV) programs through the leadership of state/territory partners.

## Survivor Health Connection Project (SHCP)

A Collaboration between ACF, HRSA, and the National Domestic Violence Hotline



# The HRSA Strategy to Address IPV

- ▶ **PRIORITY 1:** **TRAIN** the Nation's Health Care and Public Health Workforce to **ADDRESS** IPV at the Community and Health Systems Levels
- ▶ **PRIORITY 2:** **DEVELOP** Partnerships to Raise **AWARENESS** about IPV within HRSA & HHS
- ▶ **PRIORITY 3:** Increase **ACCESS** to Quality IPV-Informed Health Care Services across All **POPULATIONS**
- ▶ **PRIORITY 4:** **ADDRESS** Gaps in **KNOWLEDGE** about IPV Risks, Impacts, and Interventions

## 2017-2020 HRSA Strategy to Address IPV

- An Agency-Wide Approach
- Four Priority Areas
- 27 Key Activities

## 2023-2025 HRSA Strategy to Address IPV

- Expected Early 2023



<https://www.hrsa.gov/sites/default/files/hrsa/about/organization/bureaus/owh/ipv-strategy-2021-summary-report.pdf>



# Why Public Health Emergencies (PHEs)?

## Public Health Emergencies

- Known Impacts on women's health, economic well-being, and safety
- All Hazards Approach
- Multisectorial planning and responses
- The COVID-19 experience



# Key Areas of Interest

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- Identify essential health care services related to IPV in non-PHEs (steady state)
- Define essential health care services related to IPV in PHEs
- Identify ways to prepare for and prioritize the provision of essential health care services related to IPV before PHEs
- Describe health disparities related to IPV in PHEs
- Identify innovations and best practices to prepare for and operationalize the equitable delivery of essential health care services related to IPV during PHEs
- Identify promising practices in preventing IPV
- Develop strategies to overcome barriers faced by HRSA-supported and safety-net settings of care in providing essential health care services related to IPV during PHEs, particularly or underserved populations



# Potential Impact of Consensus Study

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## Dissemination

- HRSA Leadership Briefing
- Public Stakeholder Briefing

## Coordination

- Identifying opportunities to build on conclusions and recommendations in HRSA-supported settings

## Planning and Response

- Using Consensus Study as starting point and catalyst for increased focus on PHE preparedness and IPV-related health care services in particular



# Questions and Discussion

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[www.HRSA.gov](http://www.HRSA.gov)



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