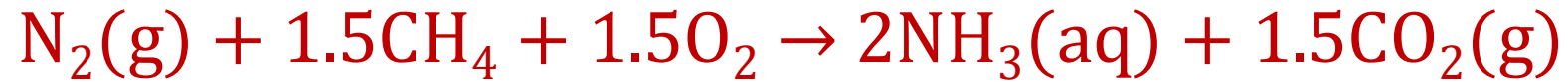


Nitrogen Technologies: Large Scale Carbon Producer

Nitrogen Fixation Important as an Energy and Food Target



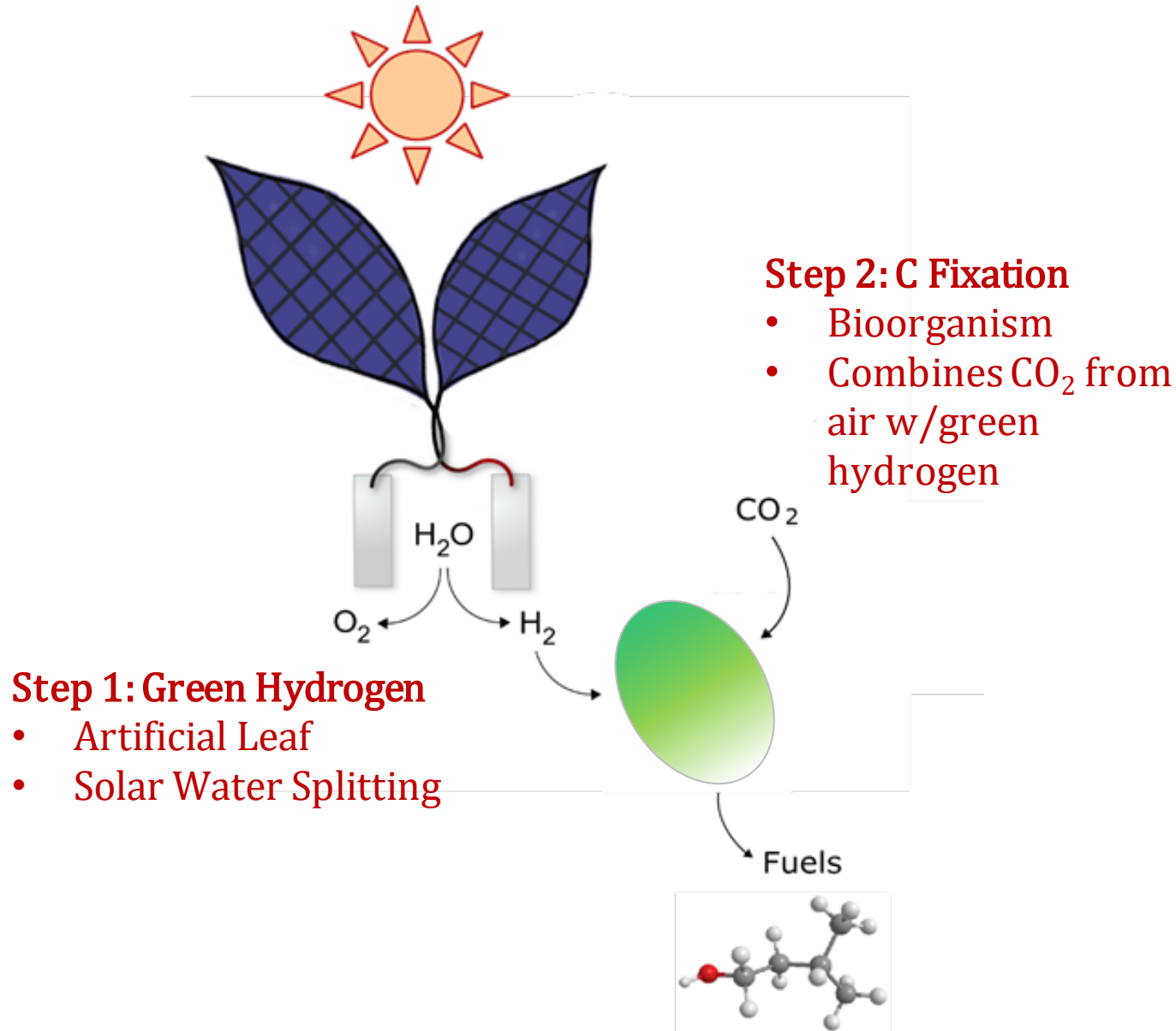
Haber-Bosch process:

- Energy intensive: 1~2% world energy supply
- High CO₂ emission: 3~5% world natural gas use

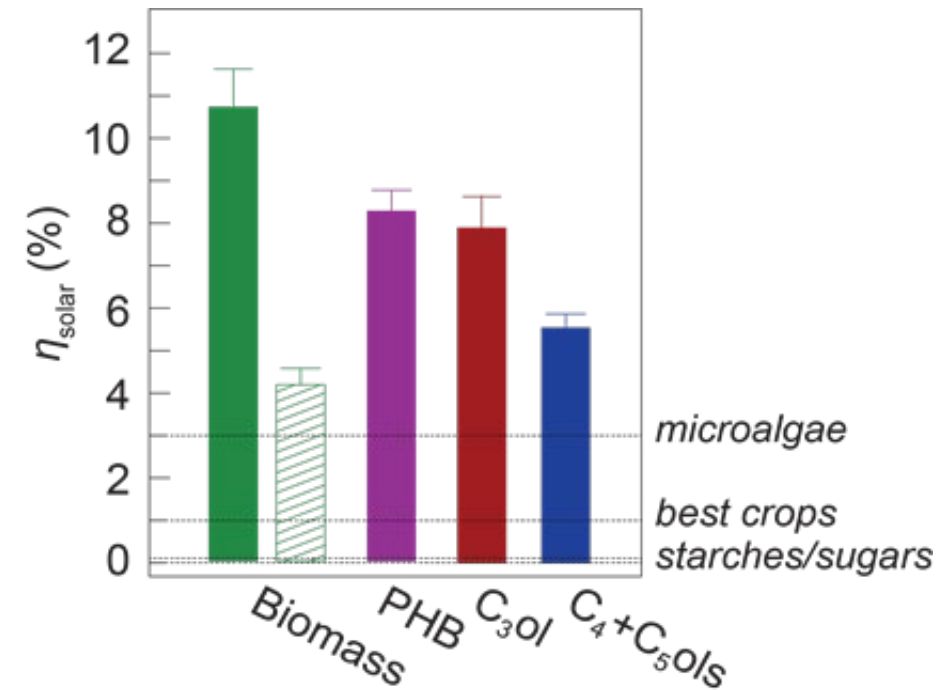


Bionic Leaf 1

(Water Splitting + Carbon Fixing Organisms)

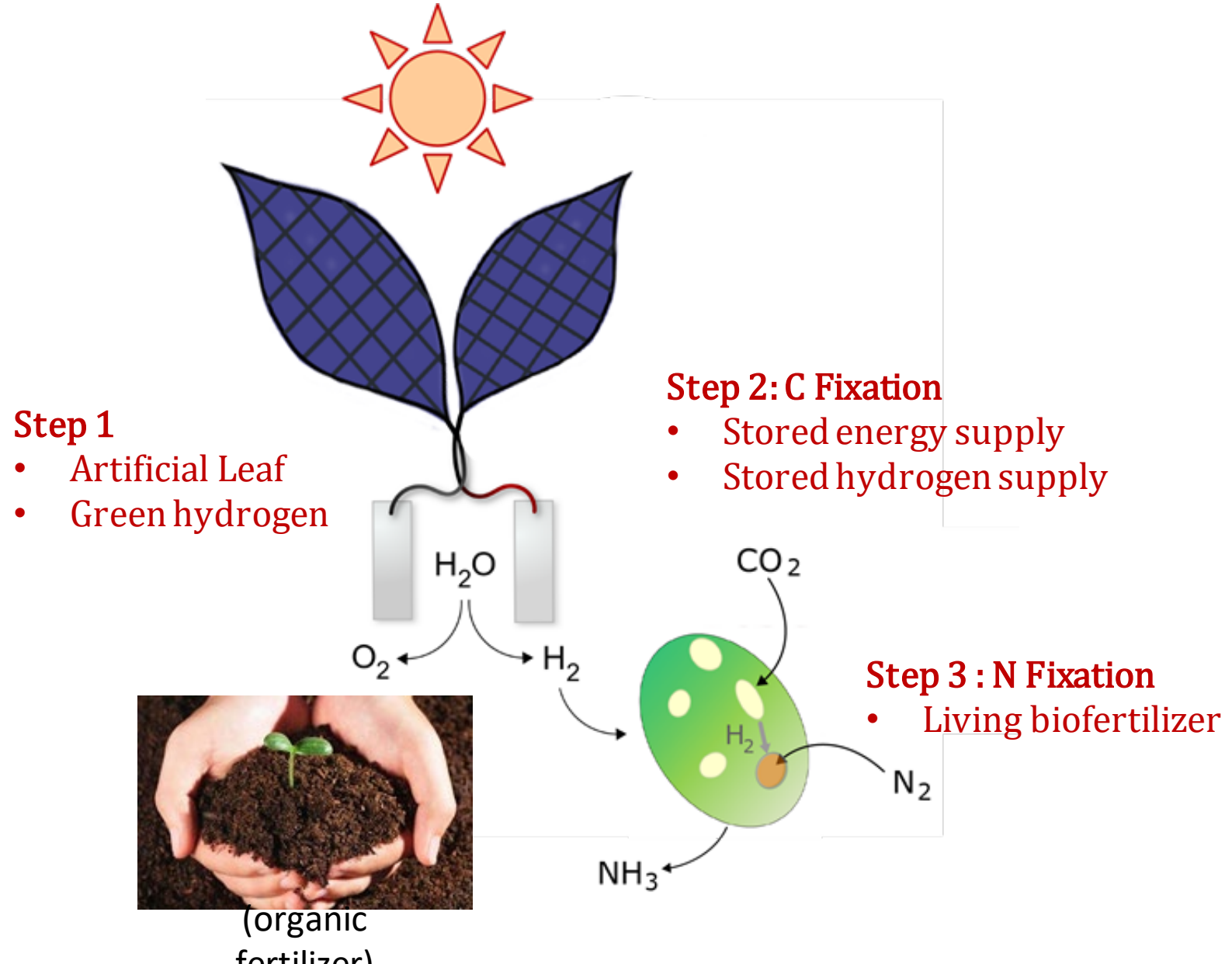


Ten Times Better than Natural Photosynthesis



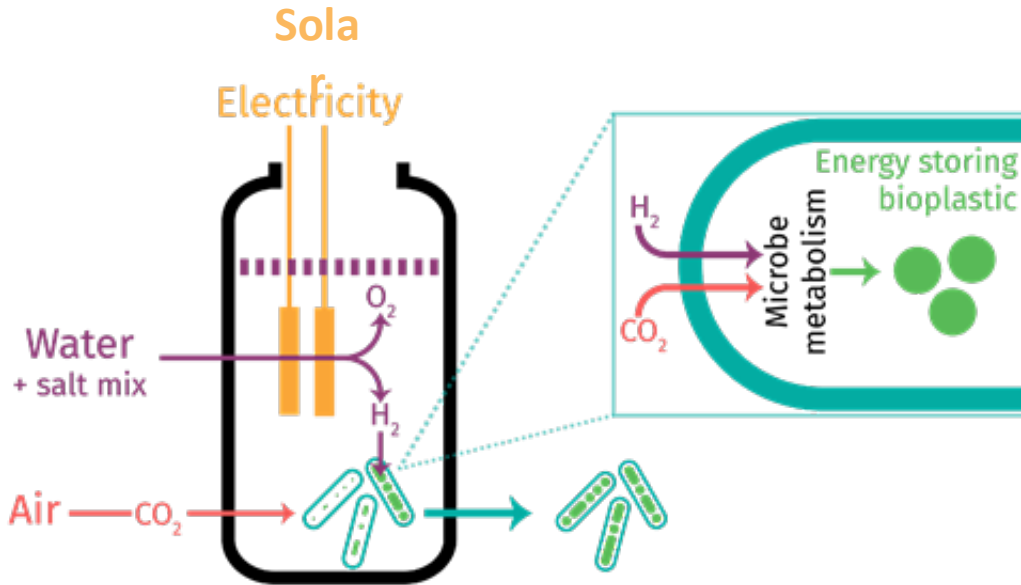
Bionic Leaf N (Fertilizer)

(Water Splitting + Carbon/Nitrogen Fixing Organisms)

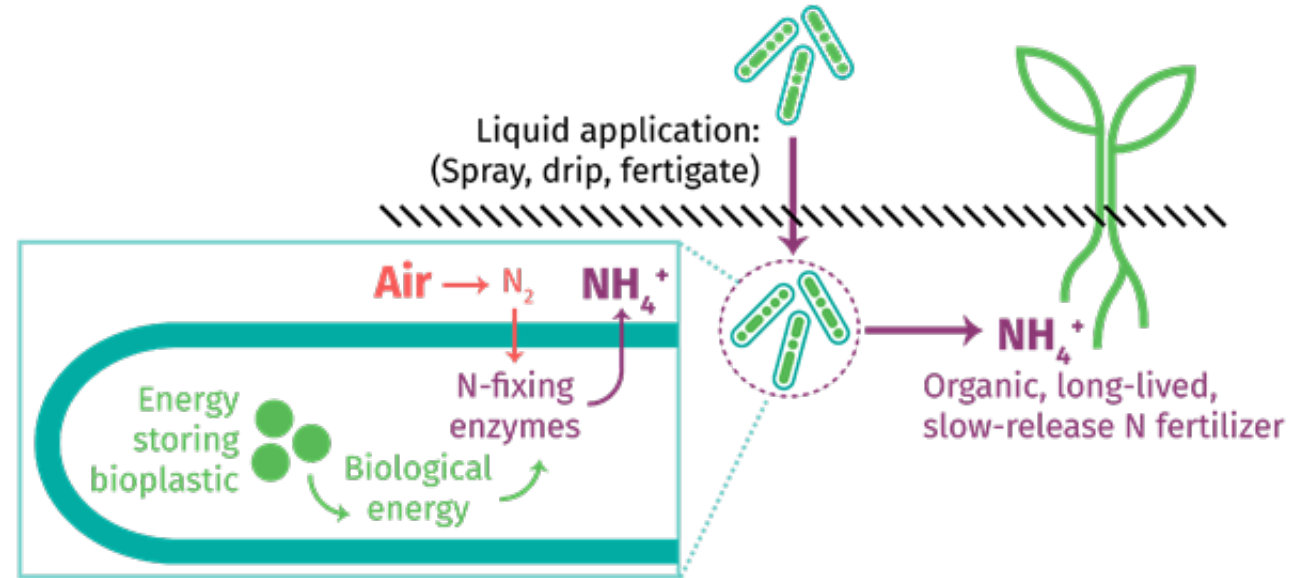


Bionic LeafN Process

Steps 1 and 2: (1) Split Water (Artificial Leaf) and (2) Fix H₂ with CO₂ to Make Internal Cellular Energy Supply for Microbes



Step 3: Microbe Uses Stored Energy and Hydrogen to Make Ammonia

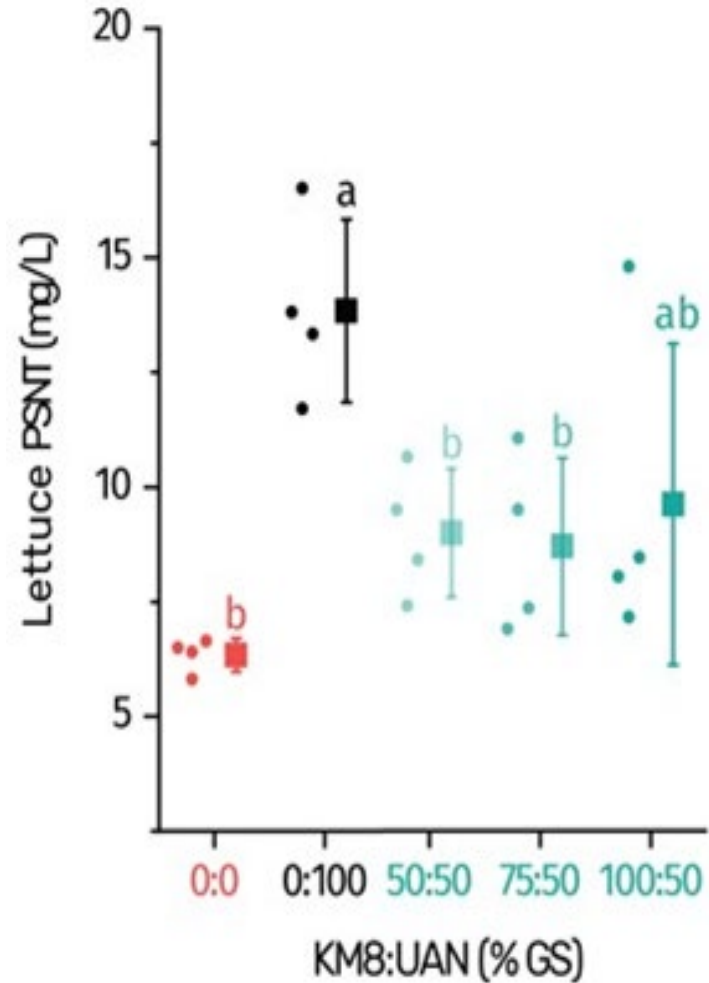


Nitrogen fixation is an energy intensive process:

$$\text{N}_2 + 8\text{H}^+ + 16\text{ATP} + 8\text{e}^- \rightarrow 2\text{NH}_3 + \text{H}_2 + 16\text{ADP} + 16\text{P}_i$$

This approach circumvents down regulation

Lettuce and Sweet Corn (130 lb N /acre)



50% UAN
50% *X.a.-PHB5* (50:50)



0% chemical fertilizer
90% chemical fertilizer

Sequester 29K lb CO₂, Eliminate 225K lb CO₂ Carbon Savings = 253,000 lb CO₂

KM8 sequesters 29,000 lb CO₂

KM8 CO₂ sequestration per lb N
-1.105 lb CO₂ / lb N

Total annual farm N demand
26,000 lb N / year

1 farm = -29,000 lb
using sequestered CO₂

KM8



H-Bosch emits 225,000 lb CO₂

H-Bosch CO₂ emissions per lb N
+4.2 lb CO₂ / lb N

Total annual farm N demand
26,000 lb N / year

1 farm = 225,000 lb
using emitted CO₂

Haber-
Bosch



Note: Assumes 400-acre farm with 130 lb N/acre demand for 26,000 lb N farm demand