Structural Determinants of aging in a place:

a story about Mrs. Helen Musick

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DATA SCIENCE INSTITUTE FACULTY AFFILIATE



SOCIAL **DETERMINANTS**

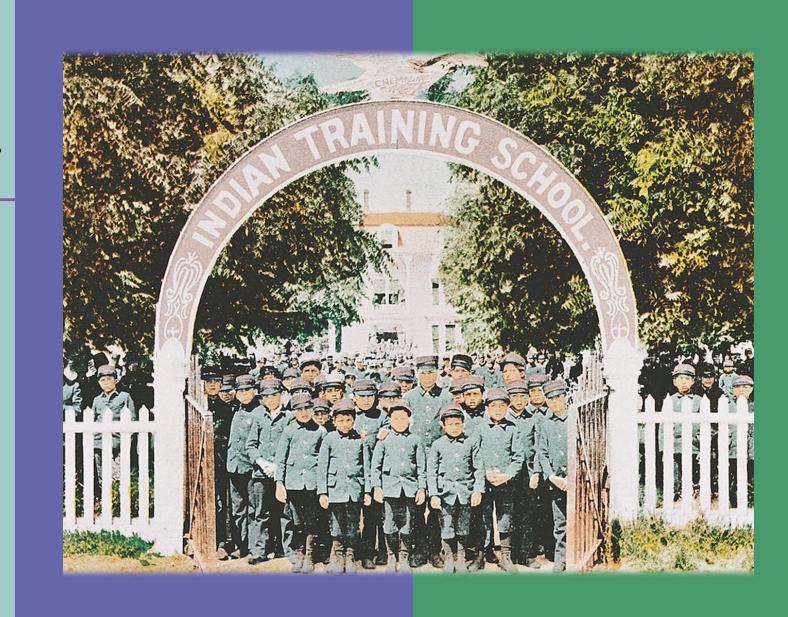
The "conditions in the environments where people are born, live, learn, work, play, worship, seek healthcare, and age."

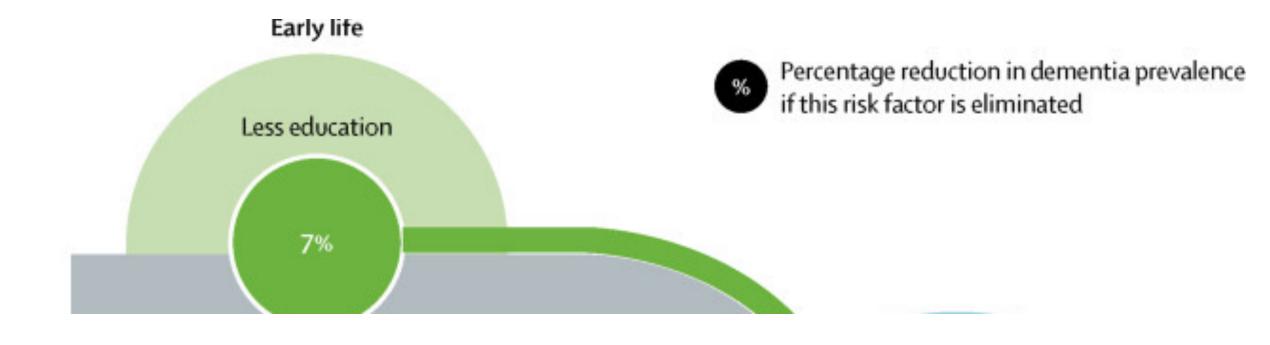


Gómez CA, Kleinman DV, Pronk N, et al. Addressing Health Equity and Social Determinants of Health Through Healthy People 2030. J Public Health Manag Pract, 2021;27(Suppl 6):S249-S257.



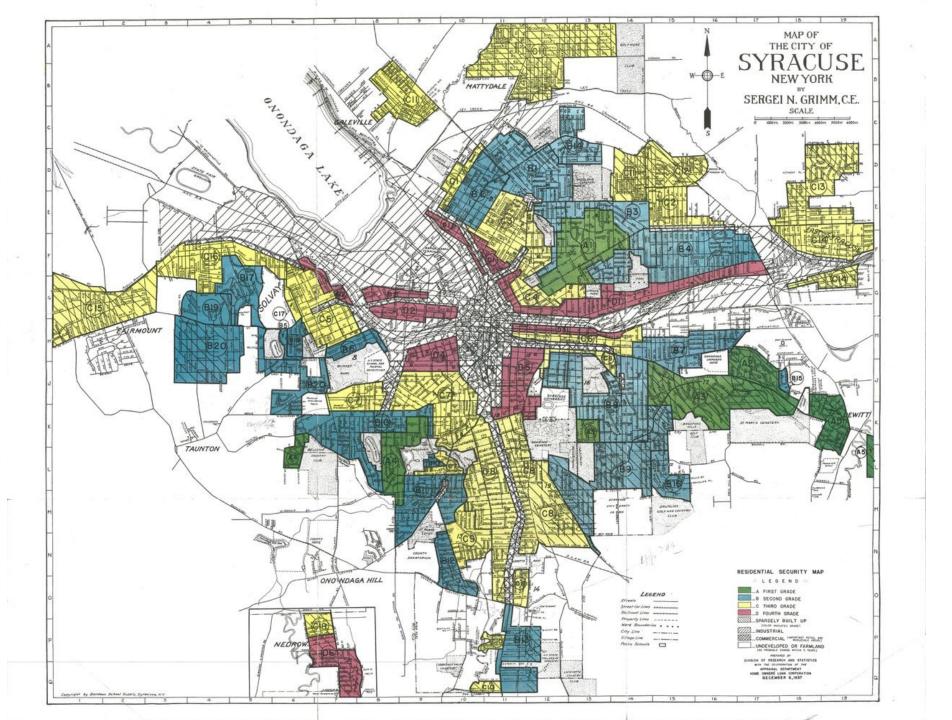
WHERE YOU LEARN...

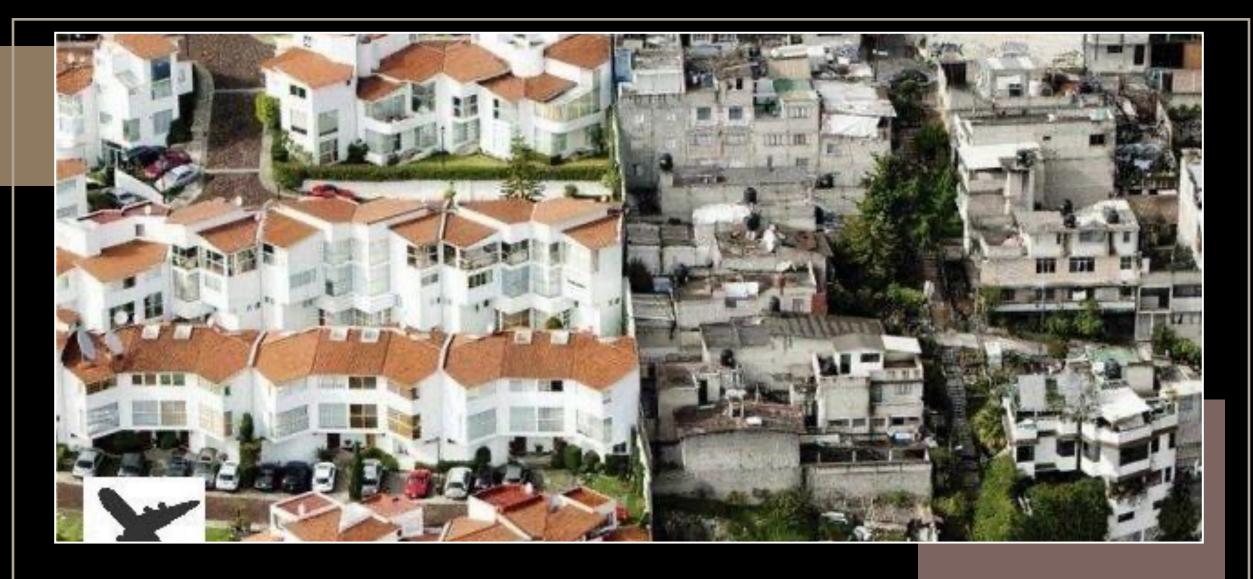




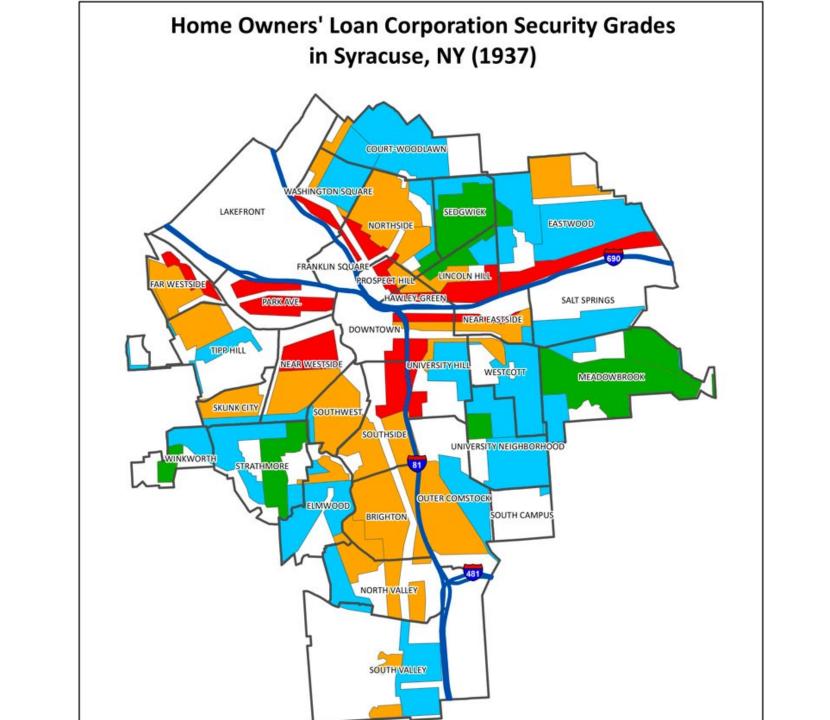






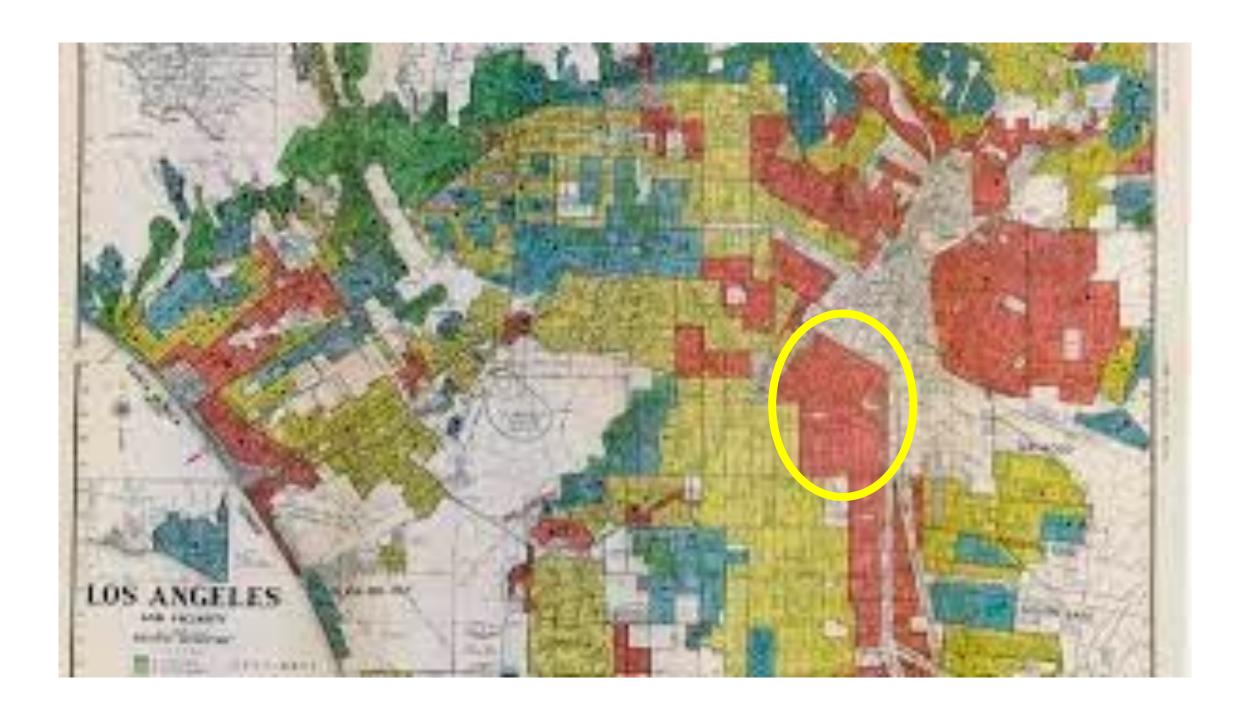


WHERE YOU LIVE...













WHERE YOU WORK...



Black Women and the Wage Gap

Black women are typically paid just 64 cents for every dollar paid to white, non-Hispanic men. The median annual pay for a Black woman in the United States is \$36,303, while the median annual pay for a white, non-Hispanic man is \$57,005 – a difference of \$20,702 per year. If the annual wage gap were eliminated, a typical Black woman working in the

United States would have enough money to pay for approximately:











• Thirty months of food;⁸

more months of

O More than 25

child care;9

MONTHS OF FOOD

25

MONTHS OF CHILD CARE 4

SEMESTERS OF TUITION AND FEES FOR 4-YEAR PUBLIC UNIVERSITY 19

MONTHS OF RENT

13

MONTHS OF EMPLOYER-BASED HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUMS

- of tuition and fees for a four-year public university, or the full cost of tuition and fees for a two-year college; 10
- Nearly 19 months of rent;¹¹ or
- More than 13 additional months of premiums for employer-based health insurance.¹²

WHERE YOU PLAY...





STRUCTURAL **DETERMINANTS**

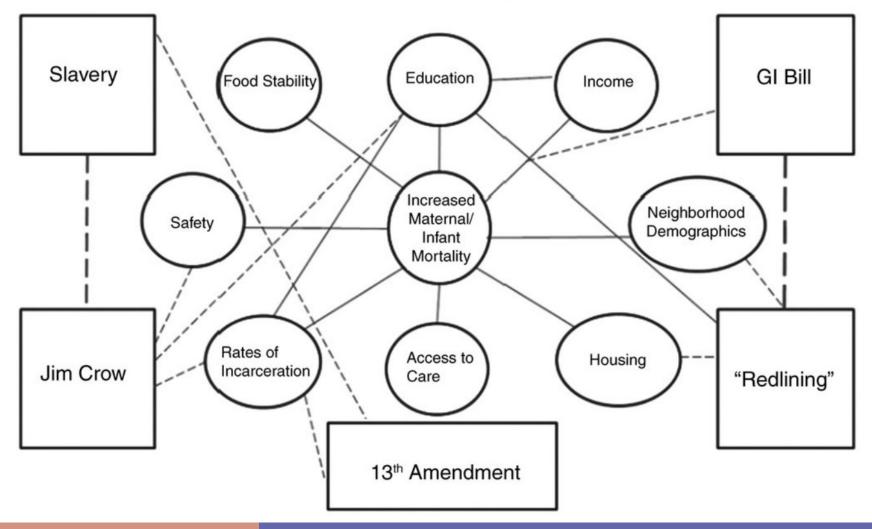
The pervasiveness and deliberateness with which policies, societal norms and structures, and governing processes result in inequities in the distribution of power, resources, opportunities, and SDOH.



Crear-Perry J, Correa-de-Araujo R, Lewis Johnson T, McLemore MR, Neilson E, Wallace M. Social and Structural Determinants of Health Inequities in Maternal Health. J Womens Health (Larchmt). 2021;30(2):230

WEB OF CAUSATION

STRUCTURAL and SOCIAL DETERMINANTS: IMPACT ON HEALTH











Lilah Besser



Ganesh Babulal

STRUCTURAL DETERMINANTS

Ageism

Capitalism & other socioeconomic biases

Religious bias

Structural racism & other ethnocultural biases

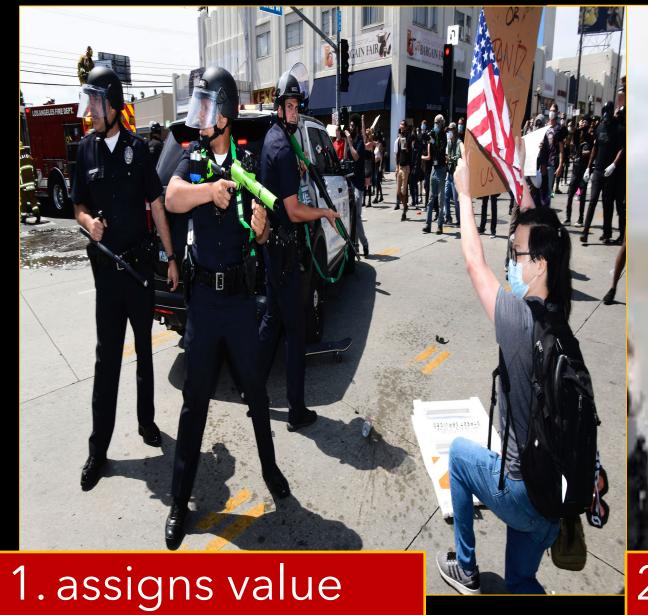
Homophobia

Xenophobia & other geographic biases

Structural sexism & genderism

Ableism

STRUCTURAL RACISM





2. structures opportunity





Health is a <u>commodity</u> in a discriminatory system

ETIOLOGY SCIENCE

Racism and the Life Course: Taking Time Seriously

The adage "time is money" signifies that time itself is a major social resource, but the role of time as a determinant of health inequities remains underappreciated. Time is funda-

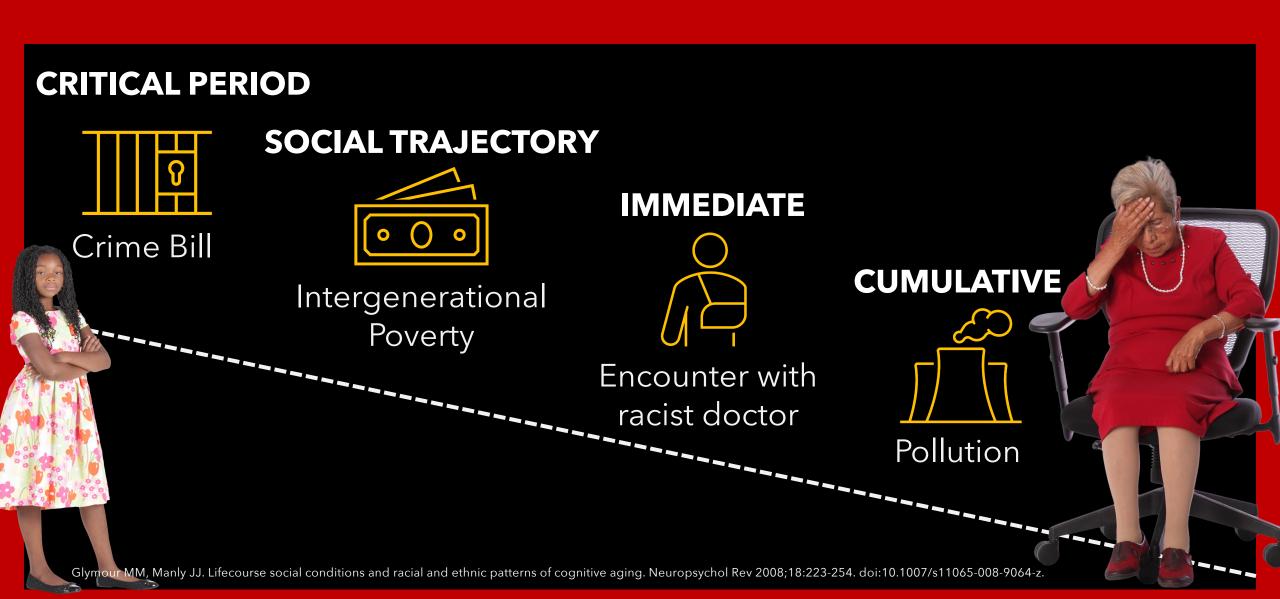
Gilbert C. Gee, PhD, Anna Hing, MPH, Selina Mohammed, PhD, Derrick C. Tabor, PhD, and David R. Williams, PhD

he study of racism and its manifestations, such as racial discrimination, has become in(prejudice), and behaviors (discrimination) toward non-dominant racial groups.

how human experiences unfold over time.⁵ At the interpersonal level, the life course



EXPOSURE ACROSS THE LIFE COURSE





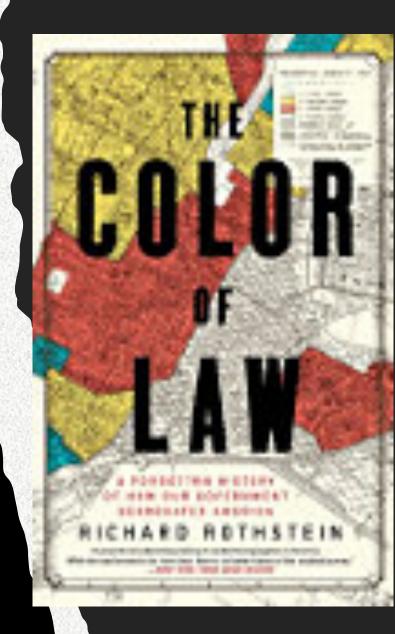
Diseas Neighborhoods

AND USE EAST of Progress.

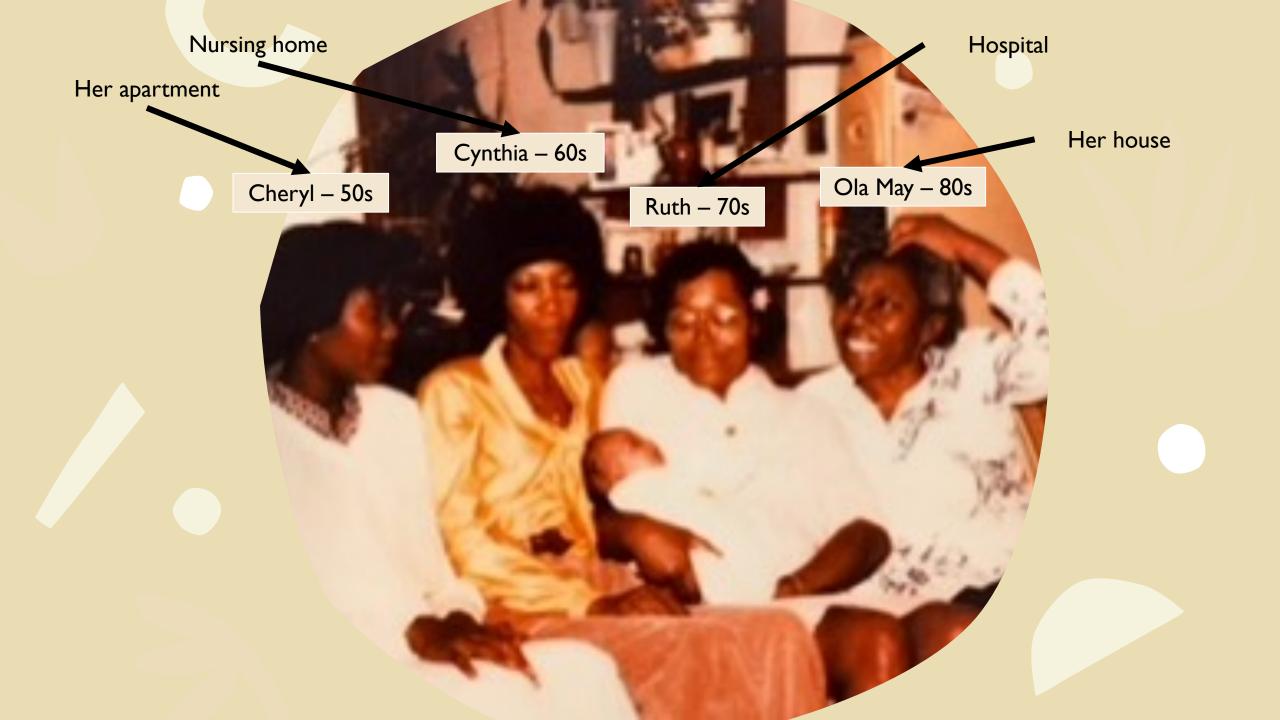
bread flattel Equality

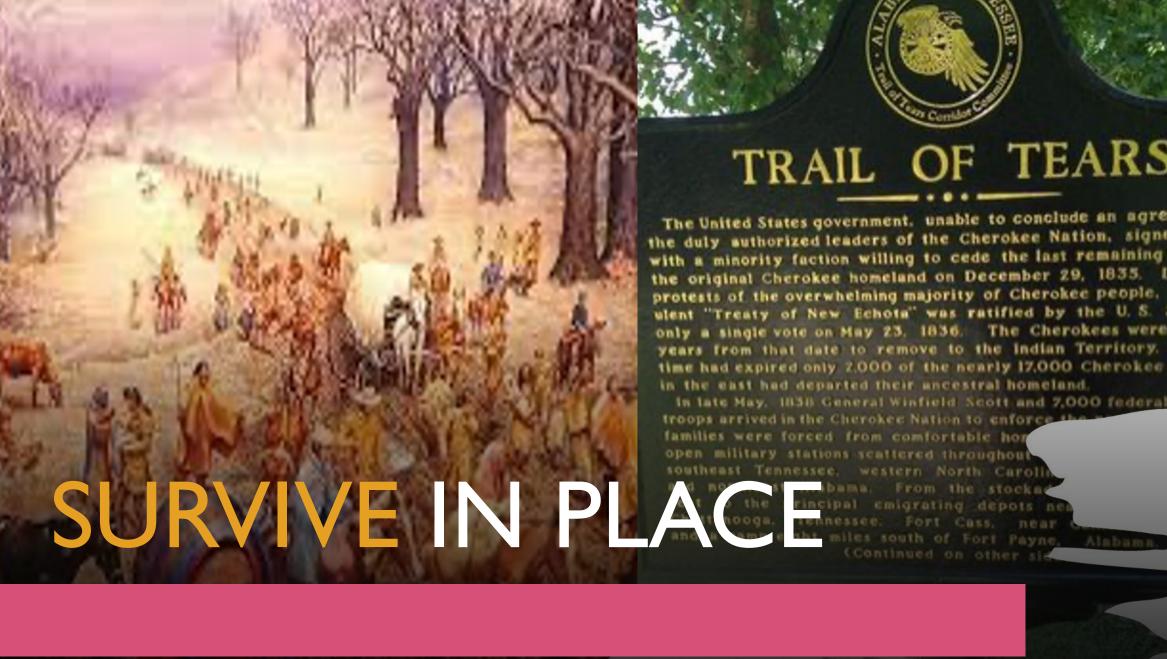
PRINCES SHARKET

STUCK IN PLACE











TRAIL OF TEARS

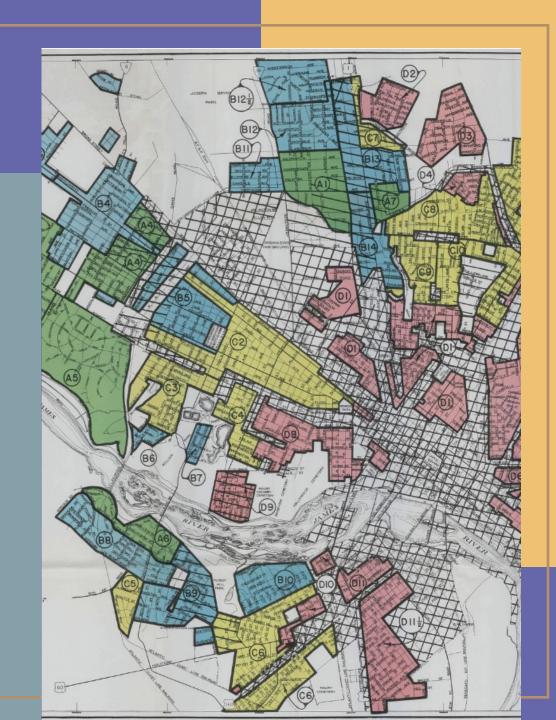
The United States government, unable to conclude an agreement with the duly authorized leaders of the Cherokee Nation, signed a treaty with a minority faction willing to cede the last remaining portion of the original Cherokee homeland on December 29, 1835. Despite the protests of the overwhelming majority of Cherokee people. the fraudulent "Treaty of New Echota" was ratified by the U.S. Senate by only a single vote on May 23, 1836. The Cherokees were given two years from that date to remove to the Indian Territory. When the time had expired only 7,000 of the nearly 17,000 Cherokee remaining in the east had departed their uncestral homeland.

in late May. 1838 General Winfield Scott and 7,000 federal and troops arrived in the Cherokee Nation to enforce the families were forced from comfortable hor open military stations scattered throughout southeast Tennessee, western North Carolin



(Continued on other six

WHERE YOU GET CARE...



SURVIVING IN PLACE



HEALTHCARE ACCESS



SURVIVING IN PLACE



SURVIVING IN PLACE





STRUCTURAL RACISM & SEXISM





DISPLACEMENT





POLLUTION

OCCUPATIONAL SEGREGATION





WAGE THEFT



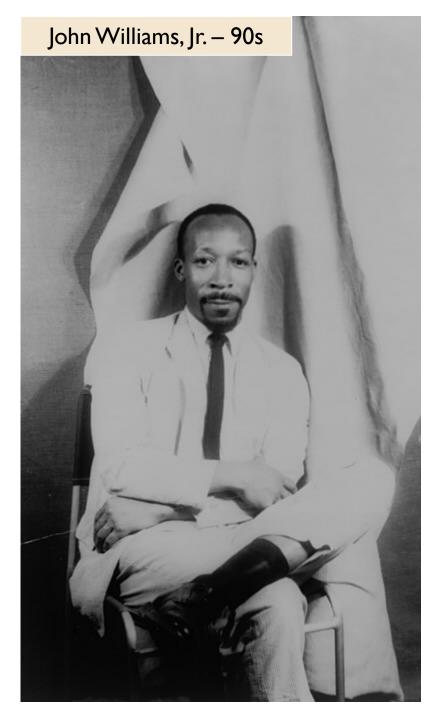
FOOD ACCESS



HEALTHCARE ACCESS

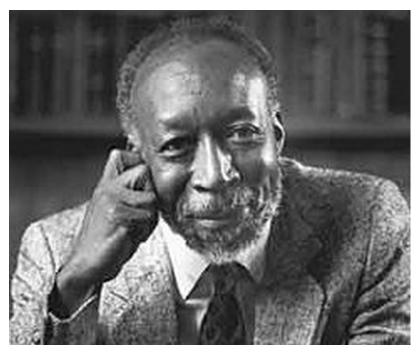
SOCIAL SUPPORT











MULTIGENERATIONAL DETERMINANTS



RESIDENTIAL SEGREGATION











OCCUPATIONAL SEGREGATION







AGING IN (DIS)PLACEMENT

500+ YEARS AGO



AGING IN (DIS)PLACEMENT 600 YEARS & COUNTING



AGING IN (DIS)PLACEMENT 100 YEARS & COUNTING



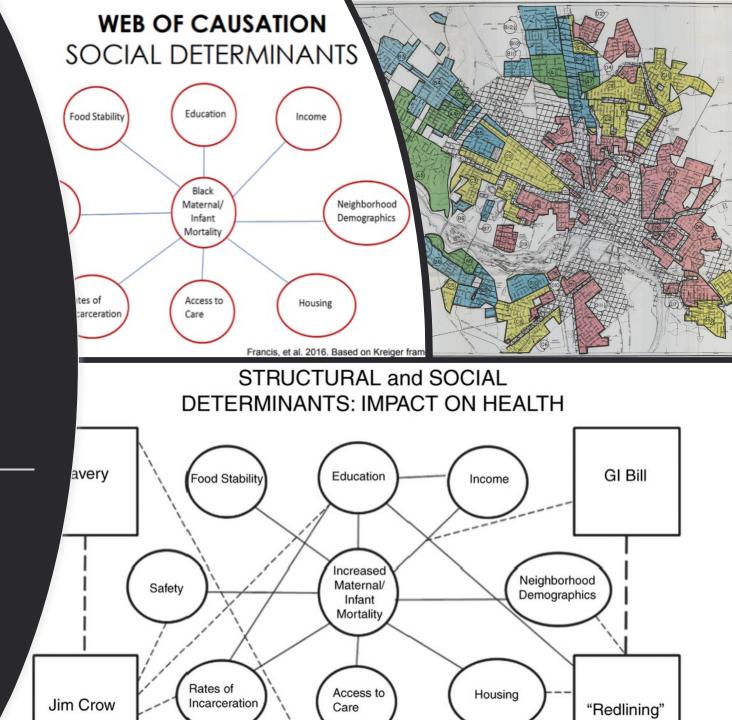
Lydia Lili'u Loloku Walania Kamaka'eha



AGING IN (DIS)PLACEMENT THE PRESENT



THE STAR OF THE SHOW





Foster P. Reparations for Slavery? In Harvard Magazine. 2022.















